

CONGRESSO NAZIONALE
DELLA SOCIETÀ
ITALIANA DELL'ANCA



**COMPLICANZE: PREVENZIONE E
TRATTAMENTO NELLA CHIRURGIA DELL'ANCA
DALL'ARTROSCOPIA ALLA PROTESI**

Con il Patrocinio



Monza, 23-24 Novembre 2017

Presidente Onorario: Paolo Cherubino

Presidente: Giovanni Zatti



**UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI DI BARI
ALDO MORO**

**UU.OO. ORTOPEDIA E
TRAUMATOLOGIA
Direttore: Prof. B. Moretti**

**MAIN SESSION TOPIC 6
FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE**

Moderatori: **Claudio Castelli** (Bergamo), **Vincenzo Salini** (Chieti)

IL PROBLEMA E LA PREVENZIONE
Biagio Moretti (Bari)

LE FRATTURE ACETABOLARI
Guido Grappiolo (Rozzano)

LE FRATTURE FEMORALI
Patrizio Caldora (Arezzo)

B. Moretti

FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ANCA



■ HIP

Epidemiology of periprosthetic fracture of the femur in 32 644 primary total hip arthroplasties

A 40-YEAR EXPERIENCE

2016

M. P. Abdel,
C. D. Watts,
M. T. Houdek,
D. G. Lewallen,
D. J. Berry

From Mayo Clinic,
Minnesota, United
States

M. P. ABDEL, C. D. WATTS, M. T. HOUDEK, D. G. LEWALLEN, D. J. BERRY

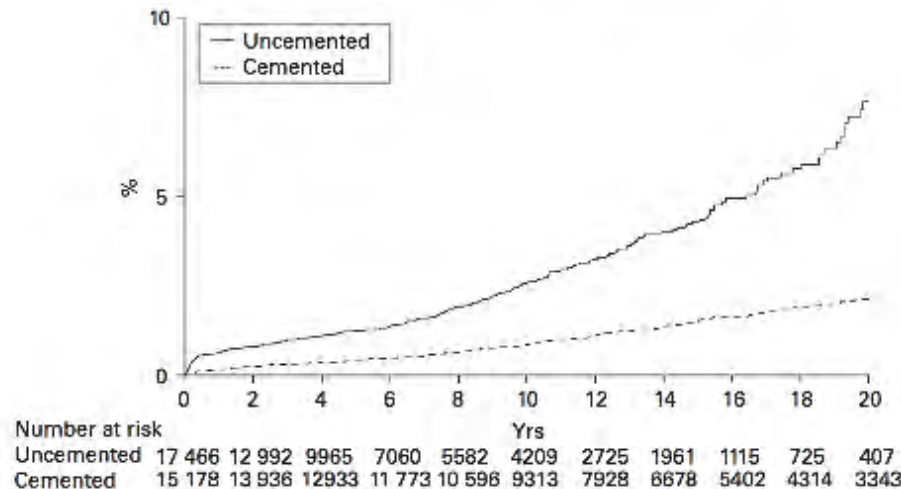


Fig. 1

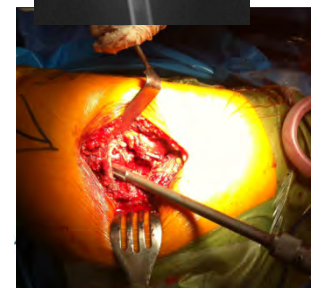
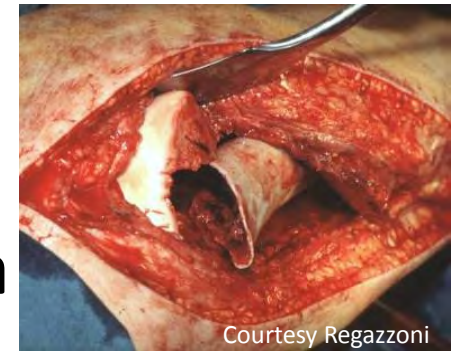
The 20-year cumulative probability of post-operative periprosthetic femoral fracture based on stem fixation

FRATTURE IN CONTINUO AUMENTO

- aumento della **vita media**
- incremento della richiesta di **protesizzazione**
 - pazienti ad elevata **richiesta funzionale**
- (aumento del tasso di **revisioni** protesiche)

CRITICITA'

- Pazienti ++ **geriatrici**
- Scarsa **qualità** dell'osso
- Modesta **quantità** di osso per una sintesi stabile
- Precaria **vascolarizzazione** endostale a causa del pregresso alesaggio
- Presenza di una **componente protesica** nel canale femorale o nell'acetabolo
- Ev. presenza di **cemento**



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ANCA

FEMORE

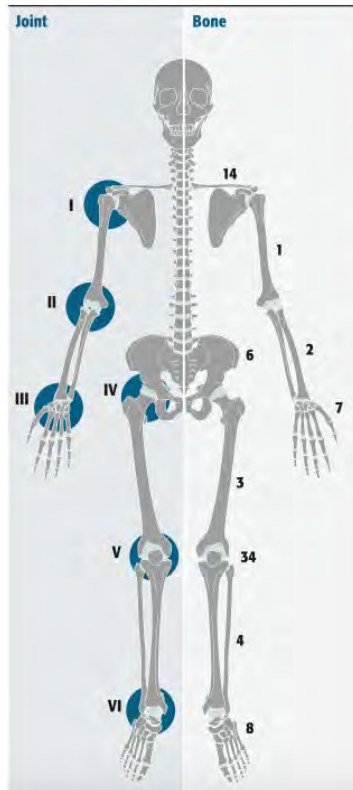


ACETABOLO



FRATTURE PERI-PROTESICHE DI ANCA

Davos 2013



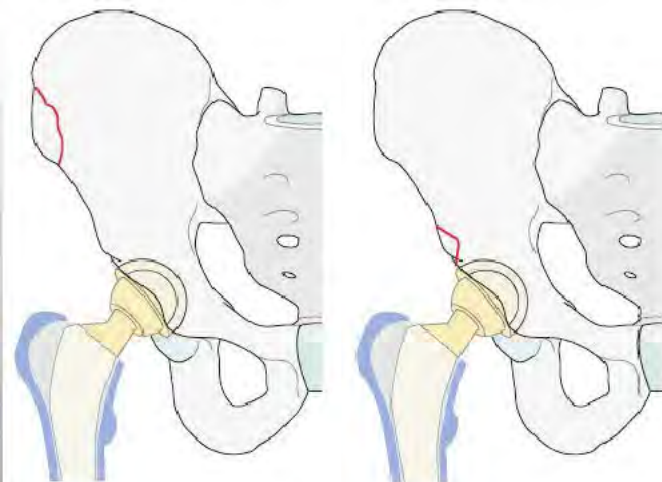
Unified Classification System (UCS)

- *Distretto anatomico descritto secondo le normali classificazioni AO (Es. Distretto 3= Femore)*
- *Articolazione indicata con numeri romani*
 - *I Spalla*
 - *II Gomito*
 - *III Polso*
 - *IV Anca*
 - *V Ginocchio*
 - *VI Caviglia*
- *Tipologia Frattura indicata con*
 - *A Apofisaria/Extrarticolare*
 - *B Letto dell'impianto o attorno*
 - *C Distante dell'impianto*
 - *D Tra due impianti*
 - *E Entrambi i distretti ossei della protesi*
 - *F In rapporto con una hemiarthroplasty*

FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO



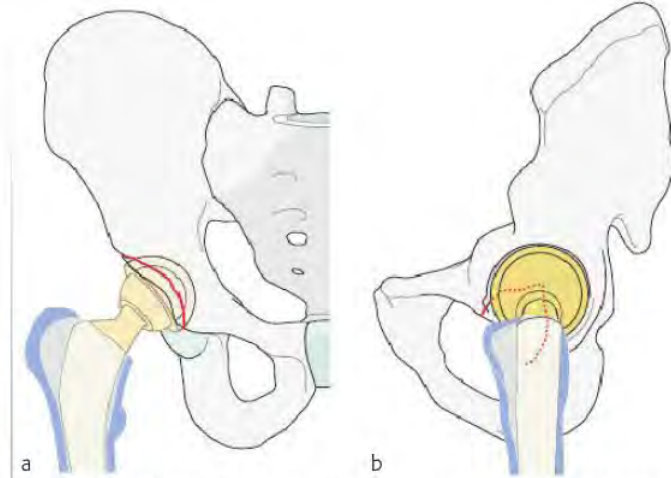
IV-6



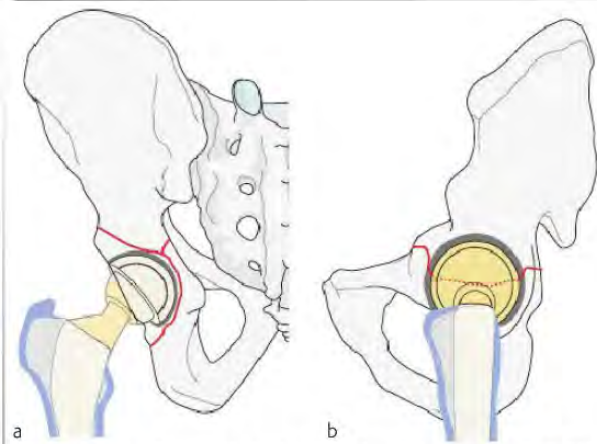
👁 Periprosthetic fracture of anterior superior (•) and inferior (b) spine type **IV.6-A1**.



👁 **4.2-42** Periprosthetic fracture of ischial tuberosity type **IV.6-A2**.



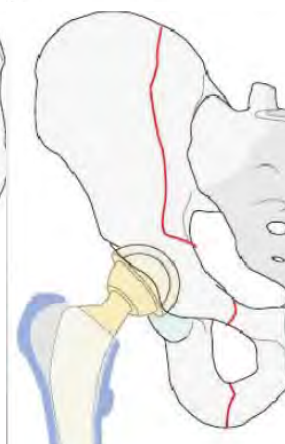
👁 **4.2-43a-b** Periprosthetic fracture of acetabulum type **IV.6-B1**.
a Rim.
b Floor.



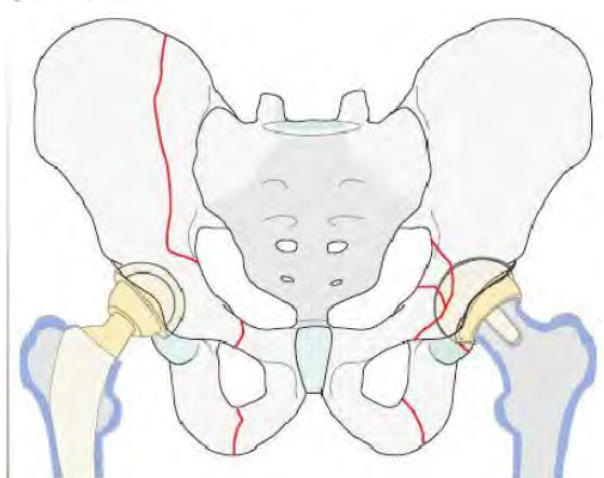
👁 **4.2-44a-b** Periprosthetic fracture of acetabulum type **IV.6-B2**.
a AP view.
b Lateral view.



👁 **4.2-46** Periprosthetic fracture of acetabulum/pelvic discontinuity type **IV.6-B3**.



👁 **4.2-51** Periprosthetic fracture type **IV.6-C**.

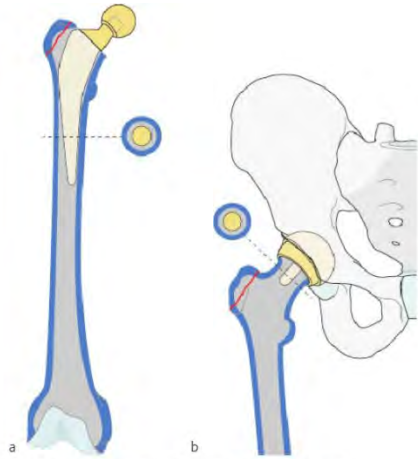


👁 **4.2-53** Periprosthetic fractures of pelvis type **IV.6-D**.

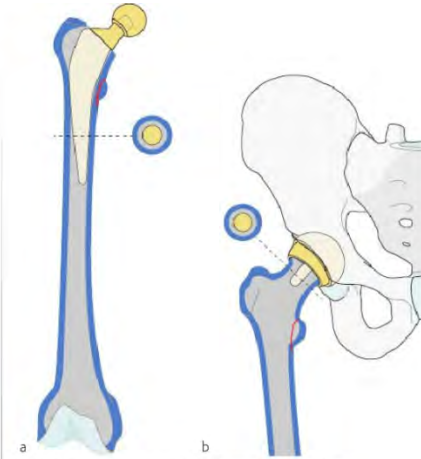
FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



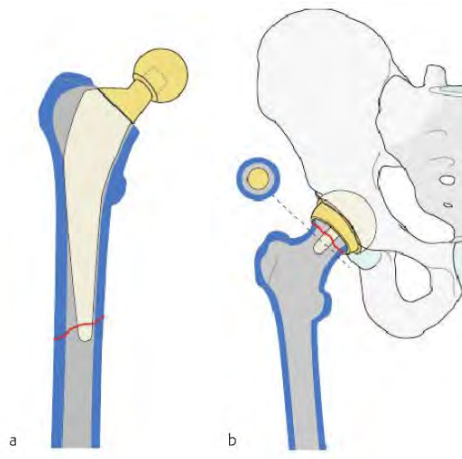
IV-3



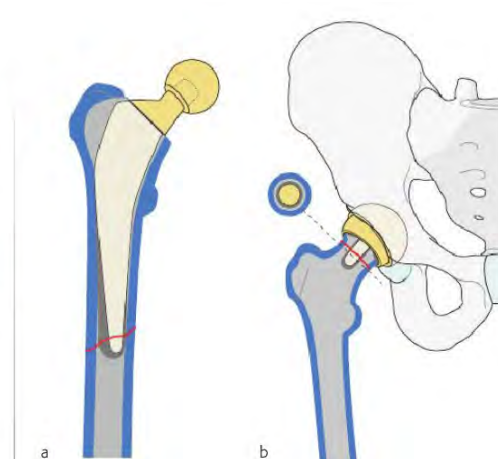
4.2-56a-b Periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur, type IV.3-A1 greater tuberosity.
a After THA.
b After surface replacement.



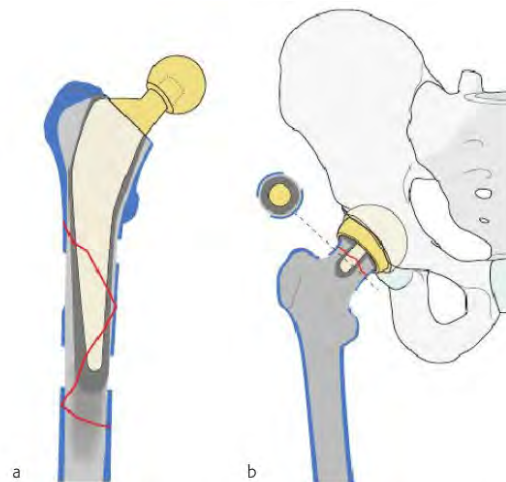
4.2-57a-b Periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur, type IV.3-A2 lesser tuberosity.
a After THA.
b After surface replacement.



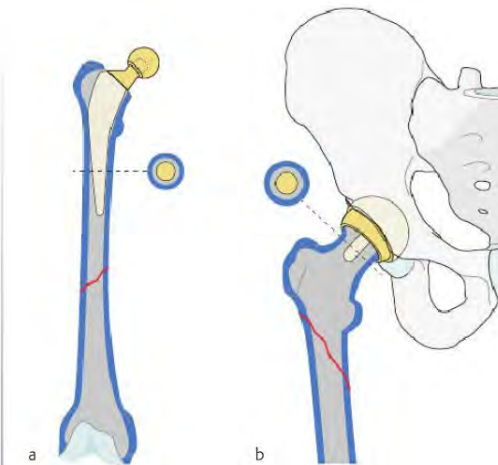
4.2-59a-b Periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur type IV.3-B1.
a After THA.
b After surface replacement.



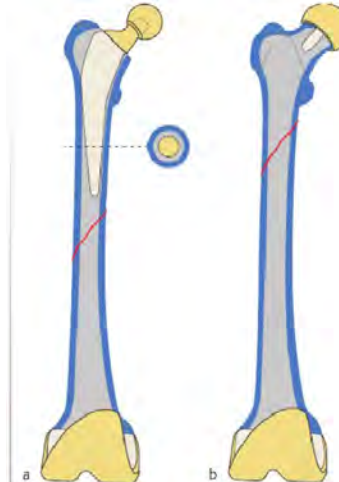
4.2-60a-b Periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur type IV.3-B2.
a After THA.
b After surface replacement.



4.2-61a-b Periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur type IV.3-B3.
a After THA.
b After surface replacement.



4.2-63a-b Periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur type IV.3-C.
a After THA.
b After surface replacement.



4.2-65a-b Intercalary periprosthetic fracture of proximal femur type IV.3-D.
a THA and TKA.
b Surface replacement and TKA.



4.2-8 Type E fracture involving both sides of a hip replacement, with a periprosthetic fracture of the acetabulum and femur. Separate analyses reveal a type B3 fracture of the acetabulum and B2 fracture of the femur.

FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ANCA

Timing

In relazione all'intervento di sostituzione protesica

INTRA-OPERATORIE  *Durante l'impianto*

POST-OPERATORIE



PRECOCI: entro 6 mesi dall'intervento

TARDIVE: dopo 6 mesi dall'intervento

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

The Journal of Arthroplasty

journal homepage: www.arthroplastyjournal.org

ELSEVIER

Complications - Other


Seasonality of Periprosthetic Femur Fractures in 12,700 Primary and Revision Total Hip Arthroplasties

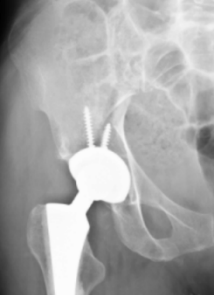
William H. Trousdale, BA ^a, Matthew P. Abdel, MD ^{a,*}, Anthony Viste, MD, PhD ^a, Robert T. Trousdale, MD ^a, John J. Callaghan, MD ^b, Daniel J. Berry, MD ^a

^a Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota

^b Department of Orthopedics and Rehabilitation, University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics, Iowa City, Iowa

2017





FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO



EPIDEMIOLOGIA: fratture rare

J Bone Joint Surg Am. 1996 Aug;78(8):1206-13.

Periprosthetic fracture of the acetabulum after total hip arthroplasty.

Peterson CA¹, Lewallen DG.

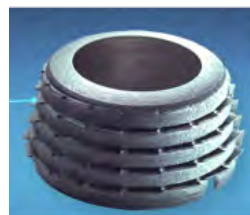
INTRA-OPERATORIE:

CEMENTATE **0.02%** (32 : 1625)

NON CEMENTATE **0.06%** (1 : 1490)

PRIMO IMPIANTO **1.07%** (25 : 1625)

REVISIONE **1.62%** (5 : 308)



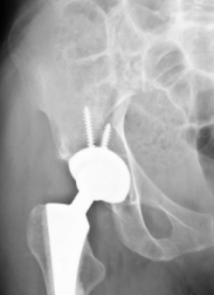
POST-OPERATORIE:

CEMENTATE **57%**

NON CEMENTATE **43%**

PRIMO IMPIANTO **0.9%** (31 : 3105)

REVISIONE **3.8%** (12 : 308)



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO

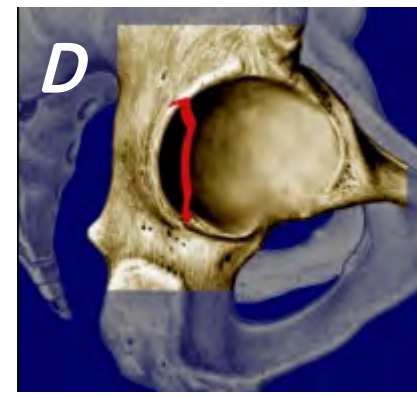
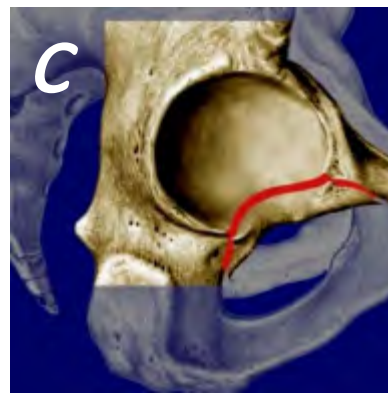
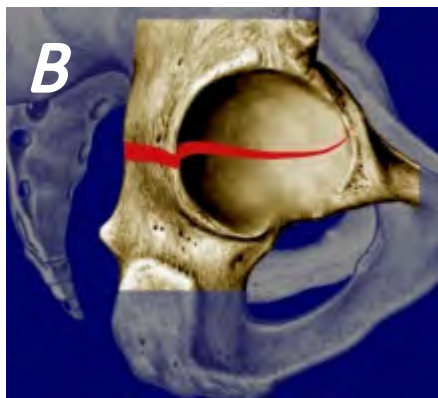
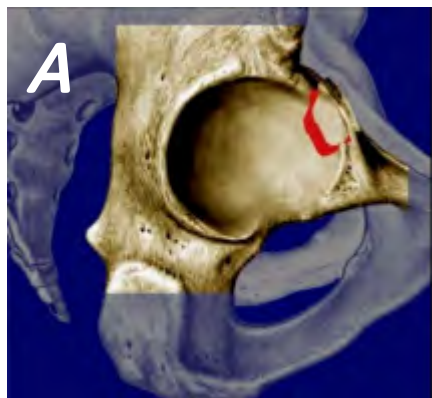


CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE INTRA-OPERATORIE

(CALLAGAN J.J. 1995)

- **A** PARETE ANTERIORE
- **B** TRASVERSA
- **C** PAVIMENTO INFERIORE
- **D** PARETE O COLONNA POSTERIORE





FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

Periprosthetic Fracture of the Acetabulum after Total Hip Arthroplasty

CHARLES A. PETERSON II and DAVID G. LEWALLEN

J Bone Joint Surg Am. 1996;78:1206-13.

PETERSON II. 1996

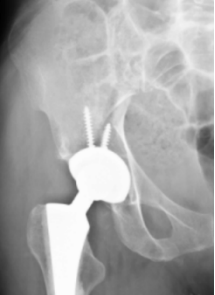
TIPO 1 FRATTURA CON ACETABOLO STABILE (clinico e radiografico)

TIPO 2 FRATTURA CON ACETABOLO INSTABILE

- disgiunzione pelvica (pz con grave osteolisi)

- frattura trasversa





FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO

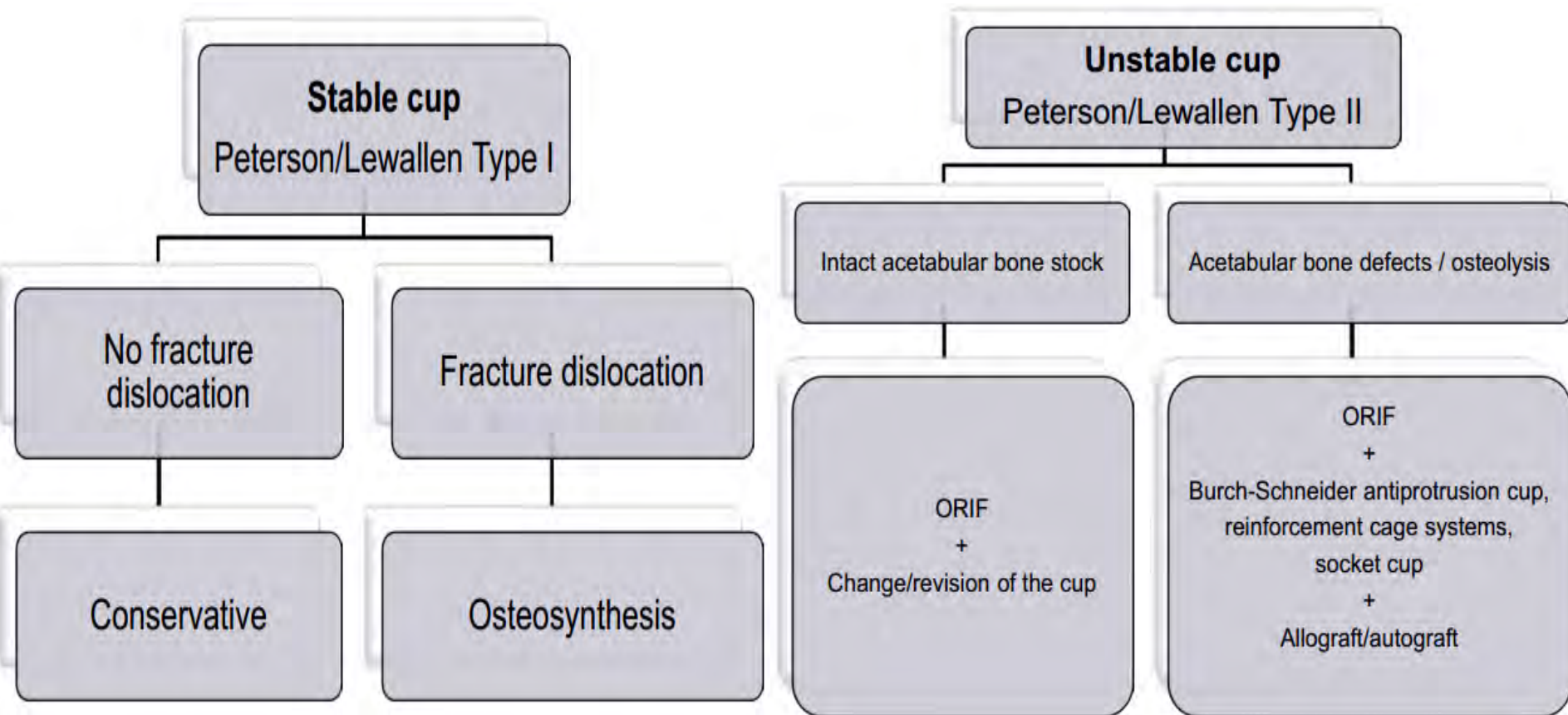


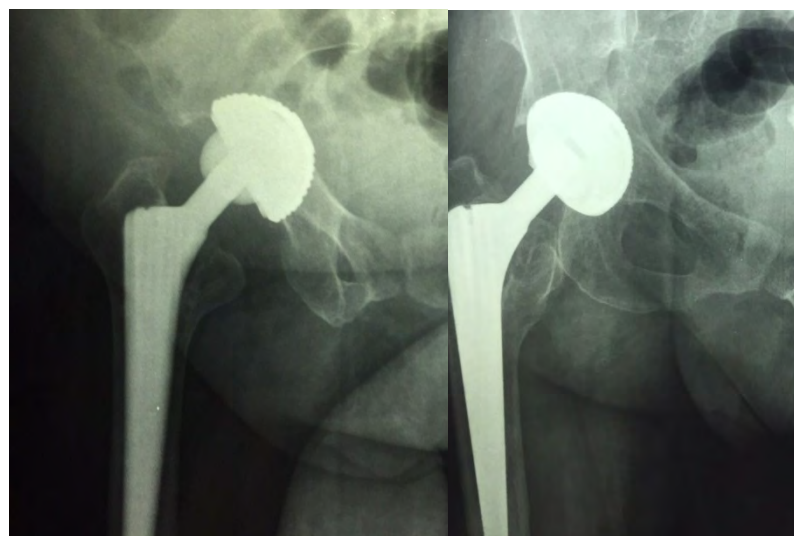
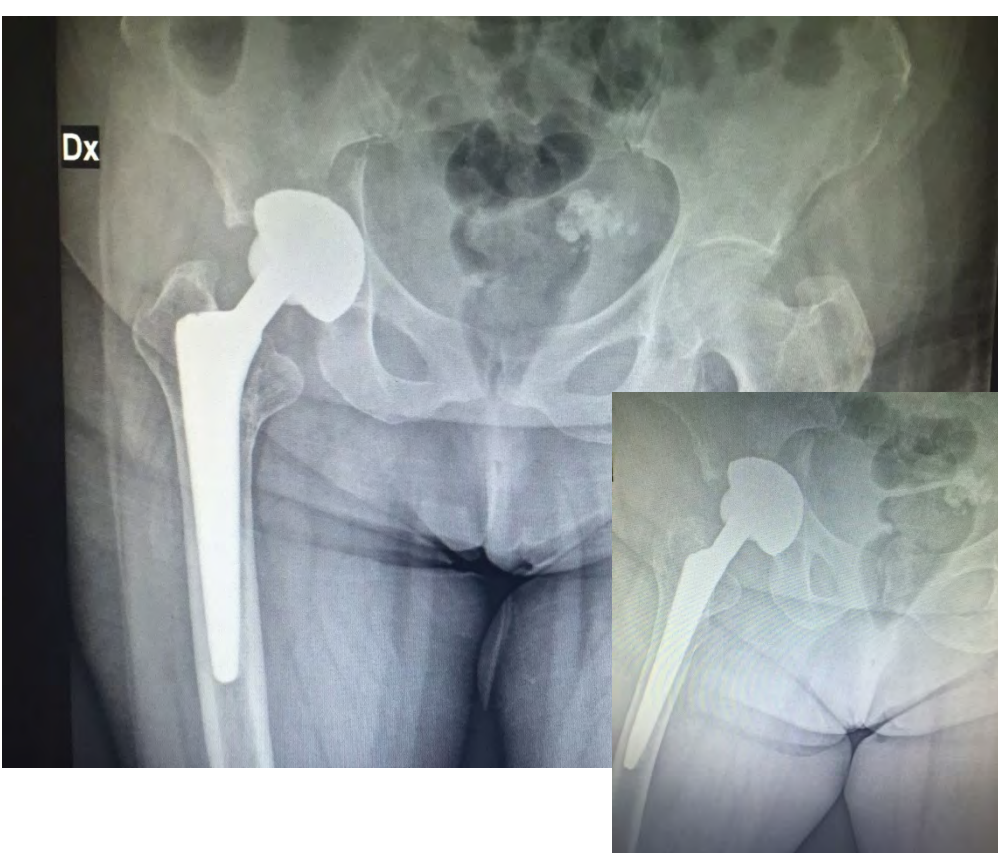
CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

Periprosthetic Fracture of the Acetabulum after Total Hip Arthroplasty

CHARLES A. PETERSON II and DAVID G. LEWALLEN
J Bone Joint Surg Am. 1996;78:1206-13.

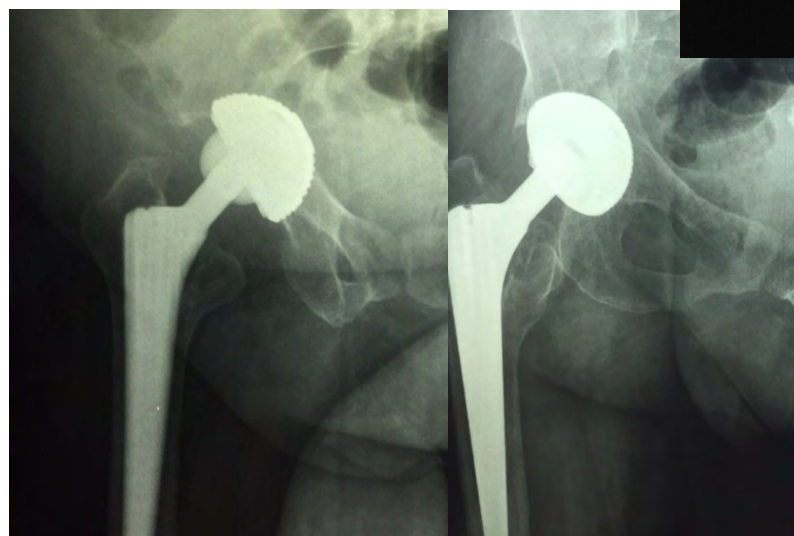
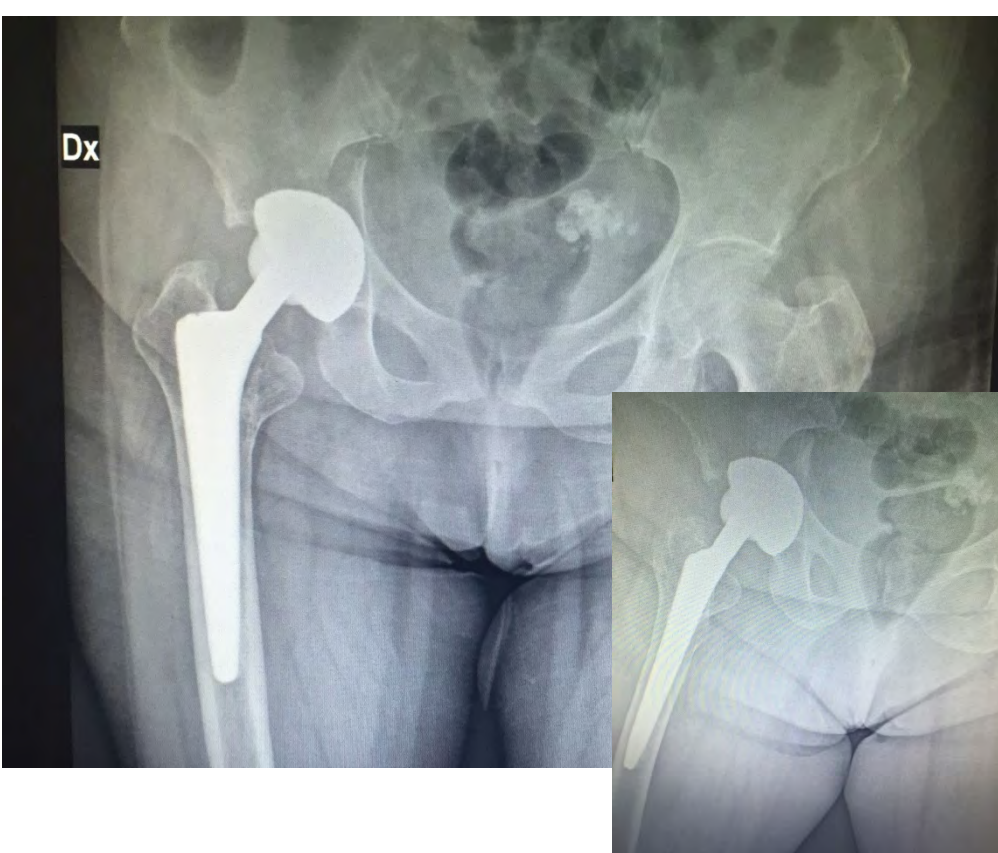




Antonio Panella¹ (foto)
Giuseppe Solarino¹
Paola Damato¹
Raffaele Pascarella²
Angela Notarnicola¹
Biagio Moretti¹

Giornale Italiano di Ortopedia e Traumatologia
2016;42:292-295

di cotile su protesi d'anca:
caso clinico



Antonio Panella¹ (foto)
 Giuseppe Solarino¹
 Paola Damato¹
 Raffaele Pascarella²
 Angela Notarnicola¹
 Biagio Moretti¹

Giornale Italiano di Ortopedia e Traumatologia
 2016;42:292-295

di cotile su protesi d'anca:
 caso clinico

FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



EPIDEMIOLOGIA

INTRA-OPERATORIE:

CEMENTATE **0.2%**
(35 : 15178)

NON CEMENTATE **1.7%**
(529 : 17466)

POST-OPERATORIE:

CEMENTATE **1.46%** (222:15178)

NON CEMENTATE **1.91%**
(529 : 17466)

INCIDENZA:

PRIMO IMPIANTO **0.9%**

REVISIONE **4.2%**



■ HIP

Epidemiology of periprosthetic fracture of the femur in 32 644 primary total hip arthroplasties

A 40-YEAR EXPERIENCE

2016

M. P. Abdel,
C. D. Watts,
M. T. Houdek,
D. G. Lewallen,
D. J. Berry

*From Mayo Clinic,
Minnesota, United
States*



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE INTRA-OPERATORIE

DUNCAN & MASRI (VANCOUVER CLASSIFICATION)

Prende in considerazione 3 parametri: localizzazione, pattern di frattura, stabilità

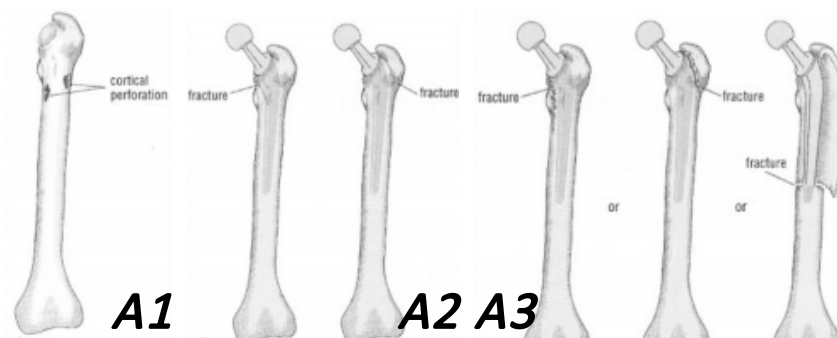
TYPE A

Fr. METAFISARIE (non coinvolgono la diafisi)

A₁ Semplice perforazione corticale

A₂ Linea di frattura composta

A₃ Frattura instabile o scomposta



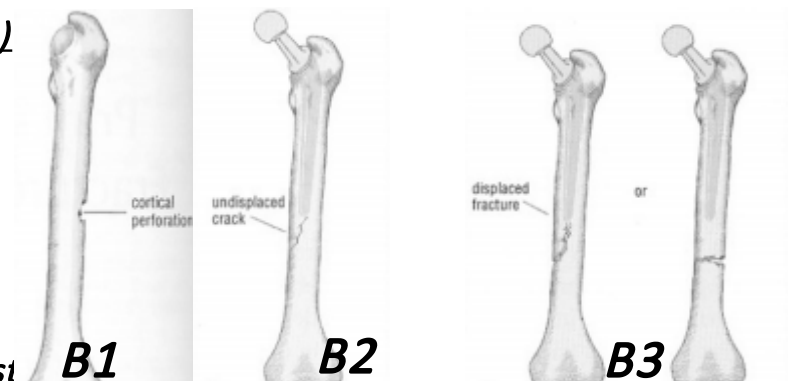
TYPE B

Fr. DIAFISARIE (non si estendono nella diafisi distale)

B₁ Semplice perforazione corticale

B₂ Linea di frattura composta

B₃ Frattura instabile o scomposta



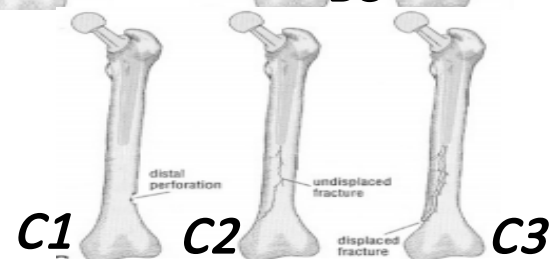
TYPE C

Fr. DISTALI (possono estendersi fino alla metafisi dist)

C₁ Semplice perforazione corticale

C₂ Linea di frattura composta

C₃ Frattura instabile o scomposta





FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE DI VANCOUVER

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

Instr Course Lect. 1995;44:293-304.

Fractures of the femur after hip replacement.



C.P. Duncan

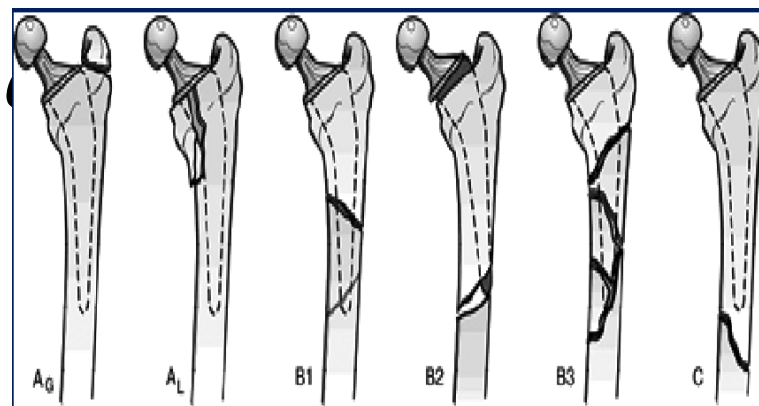


B.A. Masri

*Department of Orthopaedics, University of British
Columbia, Vancouver, Canada*

VALUTA 3 PARAMETRI

- *Localizzazione della frattura*
- *Stabilità dell'impianto*



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



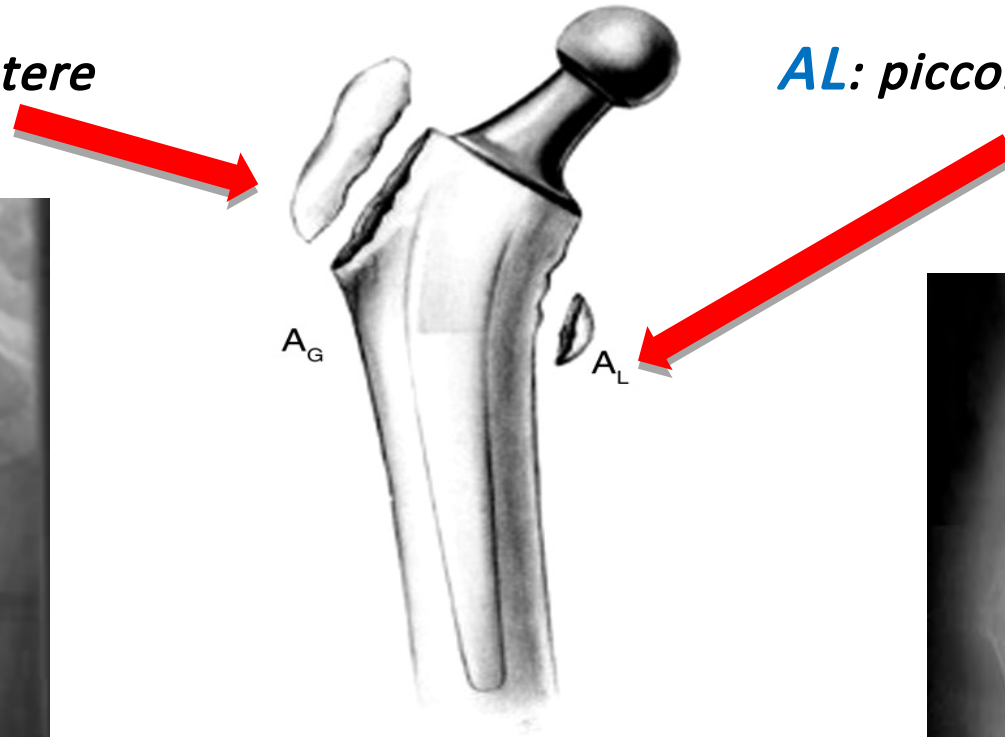
CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO A: *fratture della regione trocanterica, non estese alla diafisi*

AG: *grande trocantere*

AL: *piccolo trocantere*





FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto*

B1: stelo fisso

B2: stelo mobilizzato

B3: stelo mobilizzato con perdita di massa ossea



B1



B2



B3



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto*

B1: *di esso*
stelo stabile



B1



**NON TUTTE LE B1 SONO
UGUALI !!**

- *Osteoporosi*
- *Rima di frattura*
- *Potenziale di guarigione*



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto*

B1: *di esso*
stelo stabile



B1



**NON TUTTE LE B1 SONO
UGUALI !!**

- *Osteoporosi*
- *Rima di frattura*
- *Potenziale di guarigione*



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto di esso*
B2: stelo mobilizzato



B2



Periprosthetic Femoral Fractures

Classification and Demographics of 1049 Periprosthetic Femoral Fractures from the Swedish National Hip Arthroplasty Register

The Journal of Arthroplasty Vol. 20 No. 7 2005

Hans Lindahl, MD, Henrik Malchau, MD, PhD,
Peter Herberts, MD, PhD, and Göran Garellick, MD, PhD

**75% dei casi la
mobilizzazione è
precedente alla frattura**



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto*

B2: stelo mobilizzato *di esso*

**The Pseudo A_{LT} Periprosthetic Fracture:
It's Really a B2**

Hip Arthroplasty: Avoiding Pitfalls & Managing Problems

SEPTEMBER 2011 | Volume 34 • Number 9

ANDREW P. VAN HOUWELINGEN, MD, FRCSC; CLIVE P. DUNCAN, MB, MSC, FRCSC



B2



NEW B2

A_{LT} + CALCAR



Mobilizzazione dello stelo



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto di esso*
B2: stelo mobilizzato

Dan Med J 61/2 February 2014

DANISH MEDICAL JOURNAL

Increased risk for early periprosthetic fractures after uncemented total hip replacement

Søren Solgaard & Anne Grete Kjersgaard



B2



3^Agiorni post-op

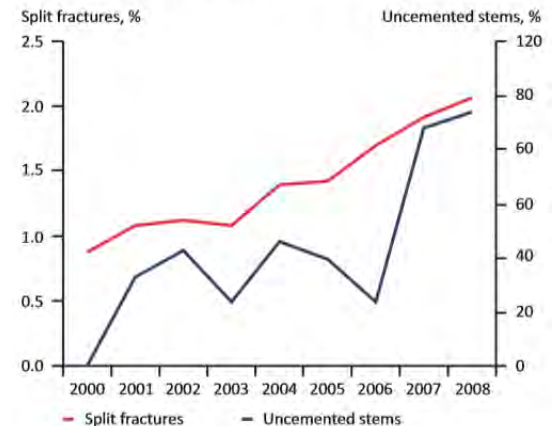


4^Bgiorni post-op

NO TRAUMA

FRATTURA B2 «PRECOCE» O TARDIVA A2?

Incidence of femoral split fracture and percentage of uncemented femoral component over the period.



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO B: *fr. diafisarie che si estendono intorno allo stelo o subito al di sotto*

B3: *stelo mobile con perdita di massa ossea*



B3



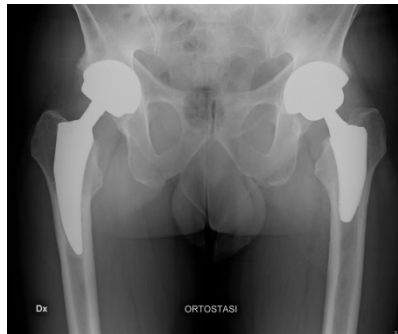
FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO C: *Fratture distali allo stelo, con stelo stabile*



Diverranno più frequenti per maggior "disponibilità" di osso

Da considerarsi come fratture di femore "normali"



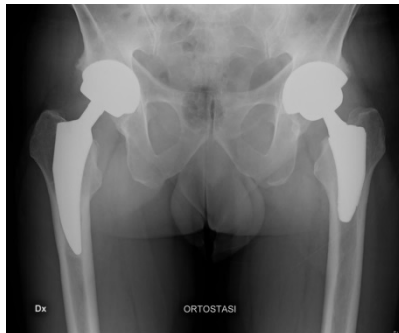
FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO C: *Fratture distali allo stelo, con stelo stabile*



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Da considerarsi come fratture di femore "normali"



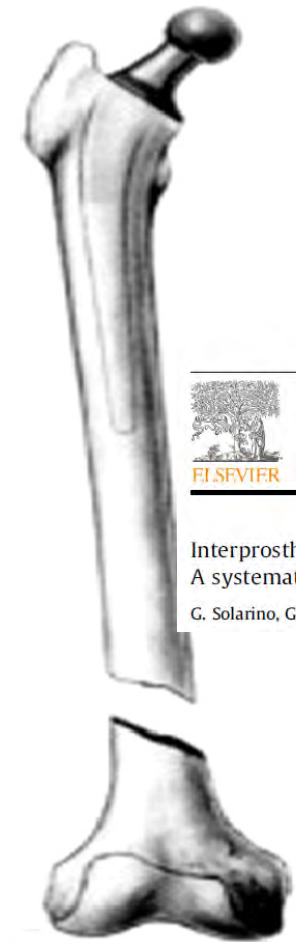
FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE

FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

TIPO C: *Fratture distali allo stelo, con stelo stabile*



Injury, Int. J. Care Injured 45 (2014) 362–368

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Injury

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/injury



Interprosthetic femoral fractures—A challenge of treatment.
A systematic review of the literature

G. Solarino, G. Vicenti*, L. Moretti, A. Abate, A. Spinarelli, B. Moretti



Trattamento fratture periprotetichesiche ed interprotetichesiche di femore

Antonio Capone, Giuseppe Marongiu, Marco Planta





FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE DI VANCOUVER: **VALIDAZIONE**



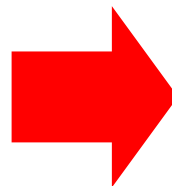
European validation of the Vancouver classification of peri-prosthetic proximal femoral fractures

J Bone Joint Surg [Br]
2008;90-B:1576-9.
Received 3 January 2008;
Accepted after revision 14 July
2008

F. Rayan,
M. Dodd,
F. S. Haddad

*From University
College London
Hospital, London,
England*

- *Analisi di 30 Rx*
- *6 Specialisti/6 Aspiranti/6 Studenti*



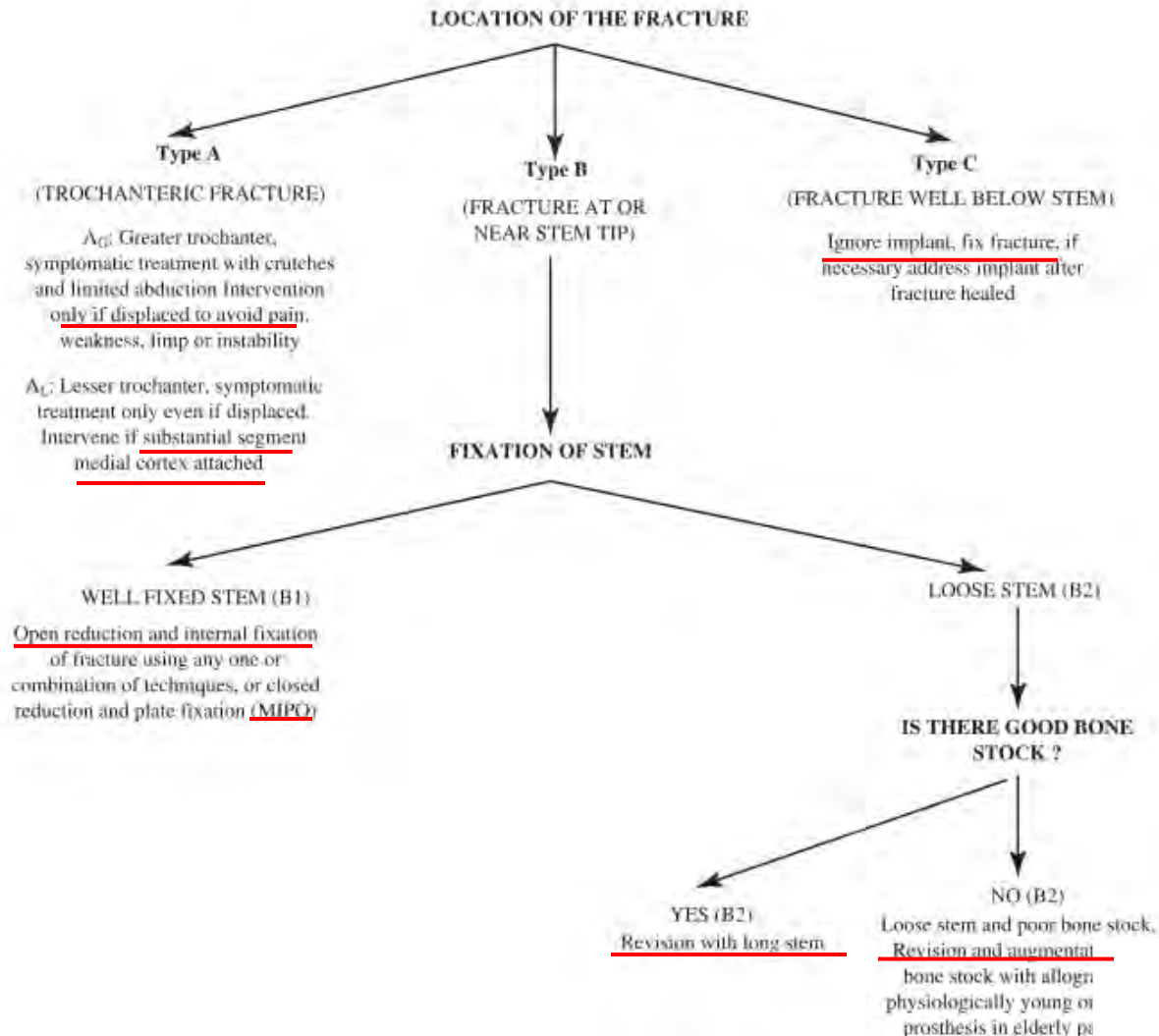
*I 3 gruppi erano **d'accordo**
nel 77% delle fratture,
pertanto tale
classificazione è oggettiva,
semplice e riproducibile*

FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE DI VANCOUVER:

VANTAGGI



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE



CLASSIFICAZIONE DI VANCOUVER:

LIMITI

DIFFICILE DISTINGUERE LE B1 DALLE B2

Corten et al. hanno dimostrato come il 20 % degli steli che venivano classificati stabili radiograficamente, risultavano instabili in sede intraoperatoria (monitoraggio Rx e confronto con Rx precedenti!!!) **Br.Bone**

Joint Surg 2000-01-B-1424-20



Risk factors for failure after treatment of a periprosthetic fracture of the femur

H. Lindahl,
H. Malchau,
A. Odén,
G. Garellick

*From the University
of Göteborg,
Göteborg, Sweden*

*J Bone Joint Surg [Br]
2006;88-B:26-30.
Received 1 August 2005;
Accepted after revision
14 September 2005*

Periprosthetic fracture of the femur is an uncommon complication after total hip replacement, but appears to be increasing. We undertook a nationwide observational study to determine the risk factors for failure after treatment of these fractures, examining patient- and implant-related factors, the classification of the fractures and the outcome.

Between 1979 and 2000, 1049 periprosthetic fractures of the femur were reported to the Swedish National Hip Arthroplasty Register. Of these, 245 had a further operation after failure of their initial management. Data were collected from the Register and hospital records. The material was analysed by the use of Poisson regression models.

It was found that the risk of failure of treatment was reduced for Vancouver type B2 injuries ($p = 0.0053$) if revision of the implant was undertaken ($p = 0.0033$) or revision and open reduction and internal fixation ($p = 0.0039$) were performed. Fractures classified as **Vancouver type B1 had a significantly higher risk of failure ($p = 0.0001$)**. The strongest negative factor was the use of a single plate for fixation ($p = 0.001$). The most common reasons for failure in this group were loosening of the femoral prosthesis, nonunion and re-fracture.

It is probable that many fractures classified as Vancouver type B1 ($n = 304$), were in reality type B2 fractures with a loose stem which were not recognised. Plate fixation was inadequate in these cases. The difficulty in separating type B1 from type B2 fractures suggests that the prosthesis should be considered as loose until proven otherwise.

Table IV. Factors associated with a significantly increased risk of failure

	β^*	95% confidence interval	p value
Other treatment than revision	0.7741	0.52 to 1.02	0.0001
Vancouver classification type B1	0.5253	0.27 to 0.78	0.0001
Initial treatment			
Plate fixation	0.7373	0.47 to 1.00	0.0001
Cerclage	0.5601	0.08 to 1.04	0.0225

Caso #1

- Donna, 83 anni
- Trasferimento da altro ospedale il giorno dopo il trauma
- Frattura peri-protesica femore sinistro (endoprotesi cementata anca sin 11 anni fa)



Caso #2

- Maschio, 39 anni
- In trattamento con farmaci antiepilettici
- Artroprotesi anca TMT+CLS (ce-ce)



Caso #1

- Donna, 83 anni
- Trasferimento da altro ospedale il giorno dopo il trauma
- Frattura peri-protesica femore sinistro (endoprotesi cementata anca sin 11 anni fa)



Caso #2

- Maschio, 39 anni
- In trattamento con farmaci antiepilettici
- Artroprotesi anca TMT+CLS (ce-ce)
- **Dopo 4 settimane....**



Caso #1

- Donna, 83 anni
- Trasferimento da altro ospedale il giorno dopo il trauma
- Frattura peri-protesica femore sinistro (endoprotesi cementata anca sin 11 anni fa)



Caso #2

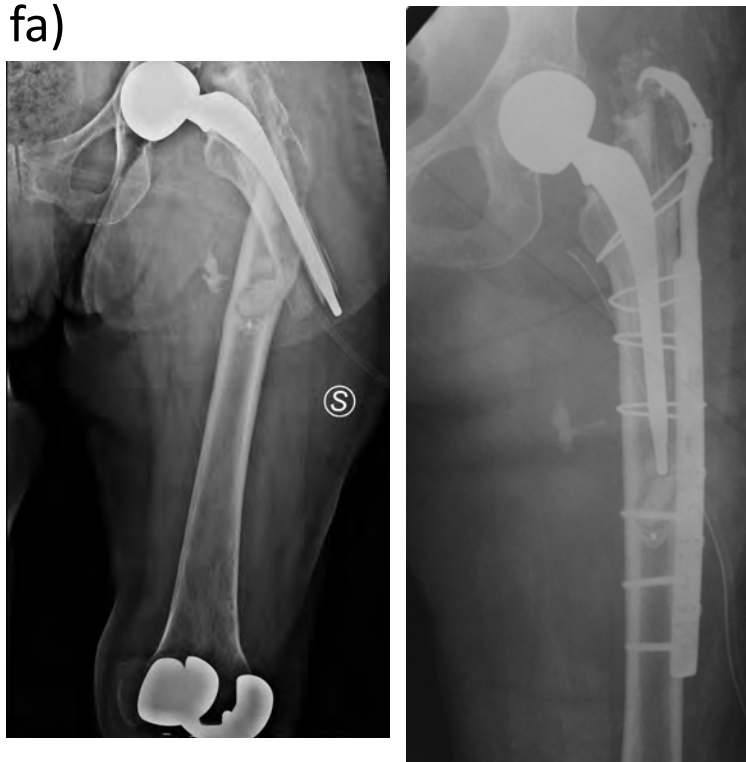
- Maschio, 39 anni
- In trattamento con farmaci antiepilettici
- Artroprotesi anca TMT+CLS (cece)



Vancouver B1 o B2 o B3?

Caso #1

- Donna, 83 anni
- Trasferimento da altro ospedale il giorno dopo il trauma
- Frattura peri-protesica femore sinistro (endoprotesi cementata anca sin 11 anni fa)



Caso #2

- Maschio, 39 anni
- In trattamento con farmaci antiepilettici
- Artroprotesi anca TMT+CLS (cece)



Trattate da... Vancouver B1!



A systematic review of Vancouver B2 and B3 periprosthetic femoral fractures

T. Khan,
D. Grindlay,
B. J. Ollivere,
B. E. Scammell,
A. R. J. Manktelow,
R. G. Pearson

Of **343 Vancouver B2** fractures, the treatment in 298 (86.8%) involved revision arthroplasty and 45 (**12.6%**) were treated with internal fixation alone.

A total of 37 patients (12.4%) treated with revision arthroplasty and six (13.3%) treated by internal fixation only underwent further re-operation.

Of **167 Vancouver B3** fractures, the treatment in 160 (95.8%) involved revision arthroplasty and eight (**4.8%**) were treated with internal fixation without revision.

A total of 23 patients (14.4%) treated with revision arthroplasty and two (28.6%) treated only with internal fixation required re-operation.



Treatment Results of a Periprosthetic Femoral Fracture Case Series: Treatment Method for Vancouver Type B2 Fractures Can Be Customized

Takahiro Niikura, MD, Sang Yang Lee, MD, Yoshitada Sakai, MD,
Kotaro Nishida, MD, Ryosuke Kuroda, MD, Masahiro Kurosaka, MD

BACKGROUND: ...treatment algorithm based on the Vancouver classification lacks consideration of patient physiology and surgeon's experience (judgment), which are also important for deciding treatment options.

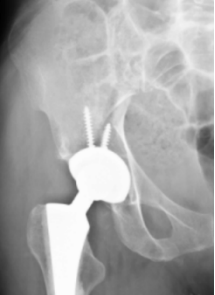
RESULTS: ...four cases of type B2 fractures with a loose stem, in which revision arthroplasty is recommended according to the Vancouver classification, were treated by other options. Of these, three were treated by osteosynthesis and one was treated conservatively.

Interpretazione “critica” delle classificazioni ma...

- *Quale chirurgo?*
(esperienza, learning curve)
- *Quale paziente?*
(comorbidità, aspettative)

***Interpretazione “critica” delle
classificazioni ma...***

... la PREVENZIONE???



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO

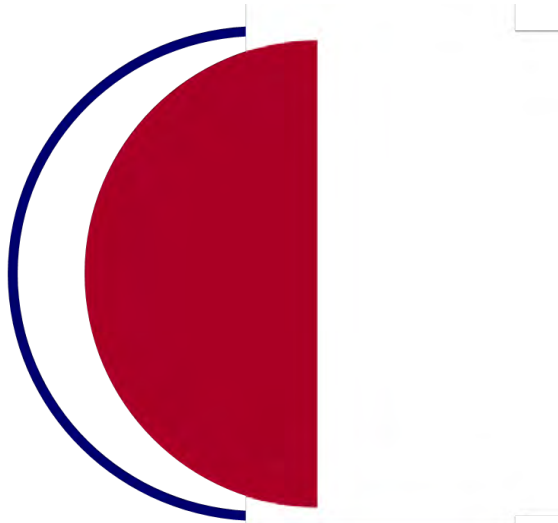


PATOGENESI

FRATTURE INTRA-OPERATORIE

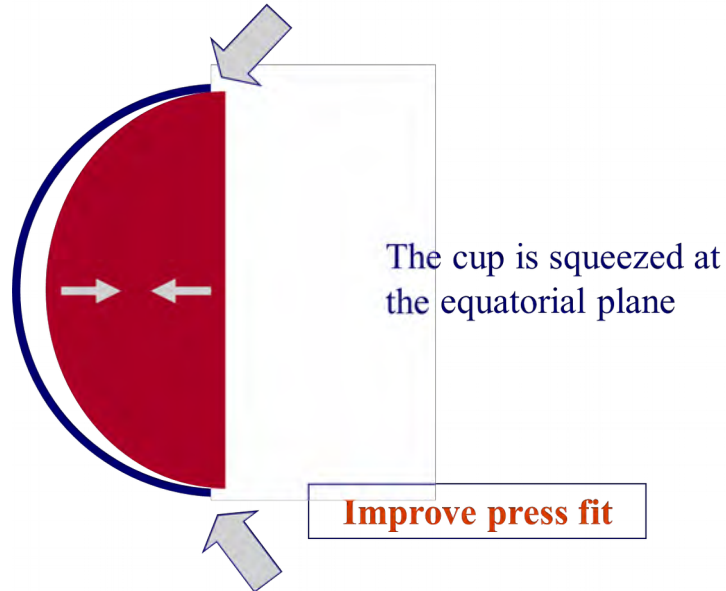
- **SCARSA QUALITÀ DELL'OSSO**
(AR, osteoporosi)
- **CONDIZIONI ANATOMICHE**
(OA concentrica, vite cefalica di chiodo)
- **TECNICA CHIRURGICA**
 - under-reaming > 4mm → 50% di fratture acetabolari vs under-reaming < 2mm → 12%
 - excessive reaming
 - reaming asimmetrico
- **ECCESSIVA FORZA DI IMPIANTO**
- **CARATTERISTICHE dell'IMPIANTO:** *maggior incidenza con cotili non cementati (emisferico o ellittico?)*



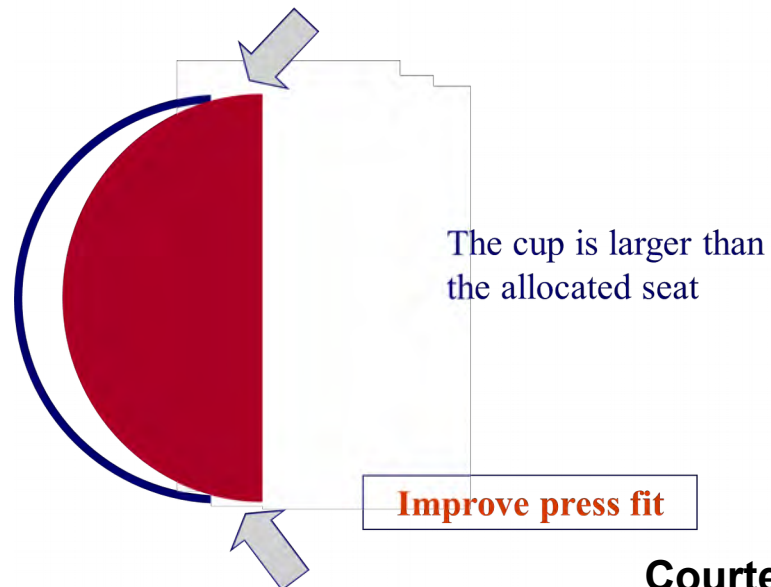


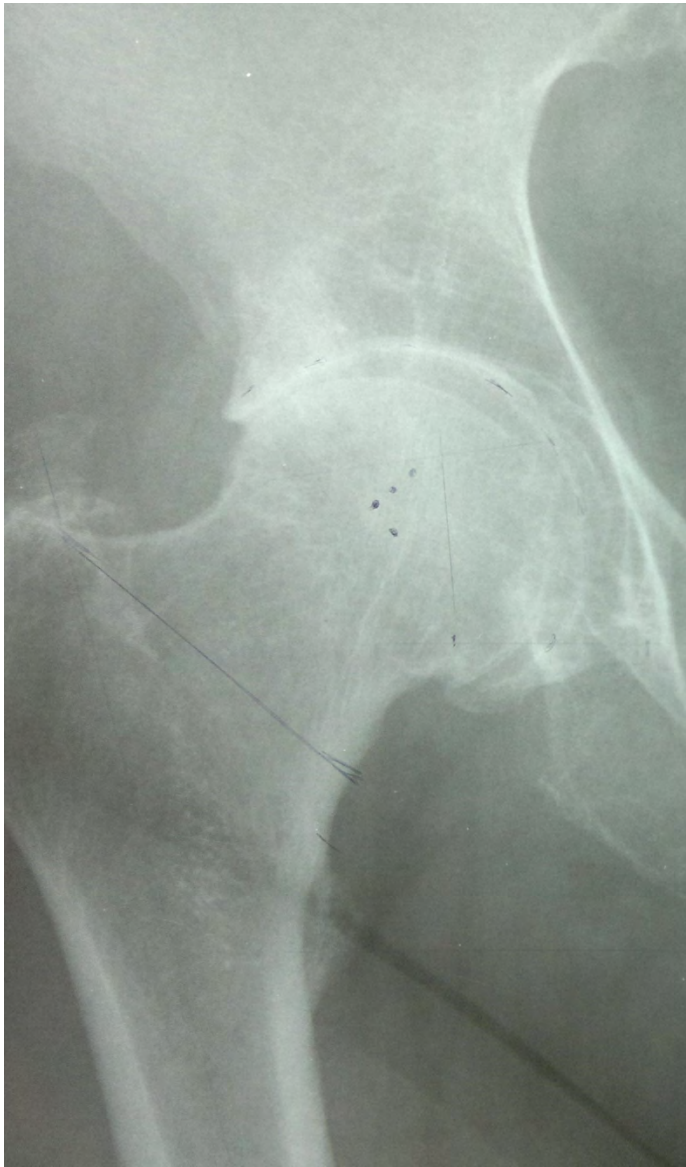
Not only the surface matters,
but also the shape:
hemispherical

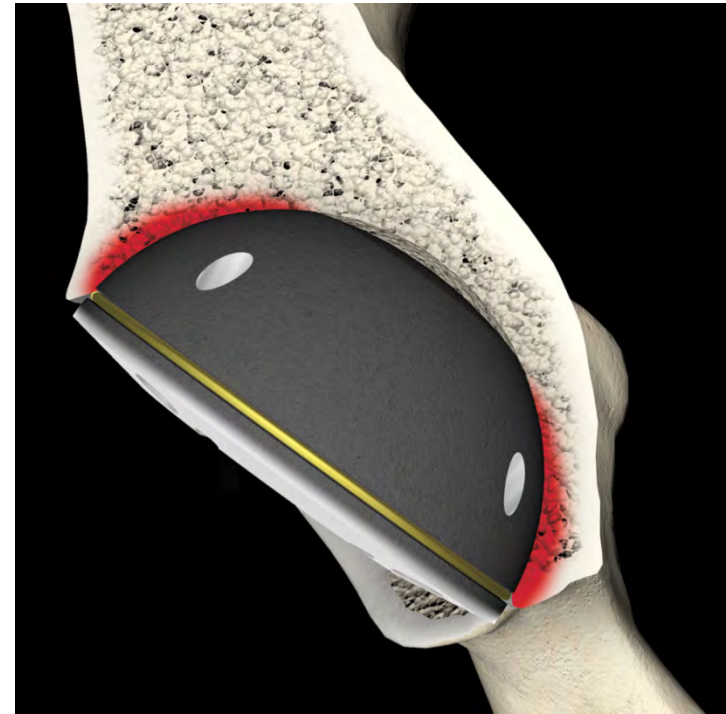
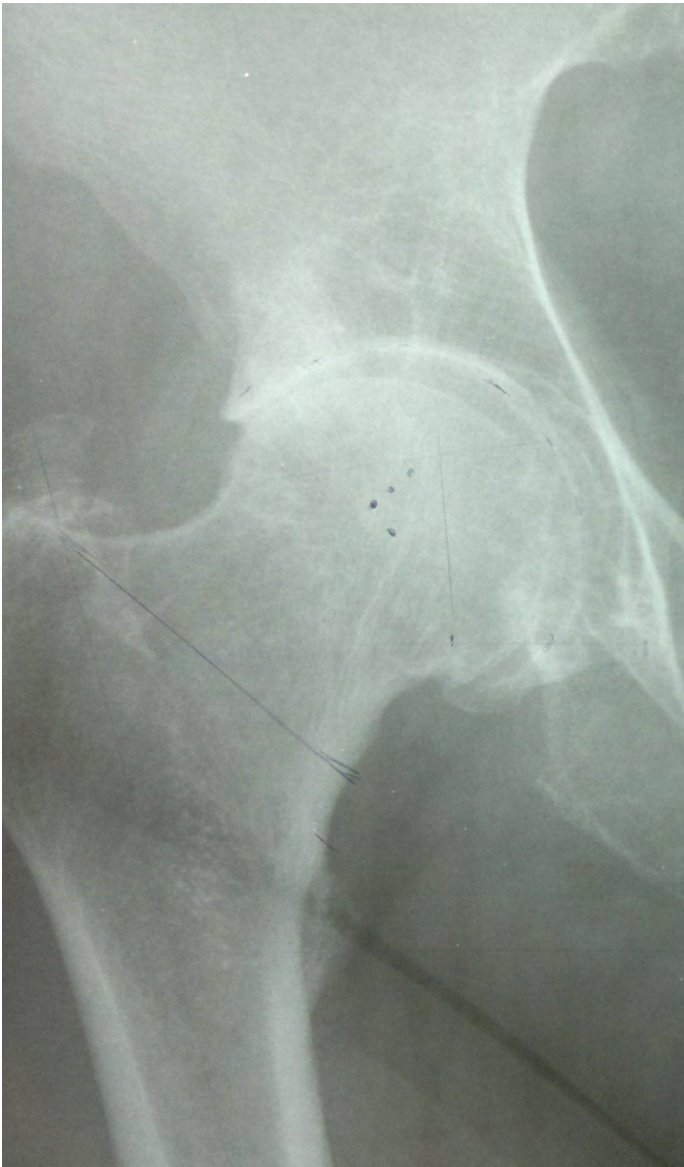
To improve primary stability

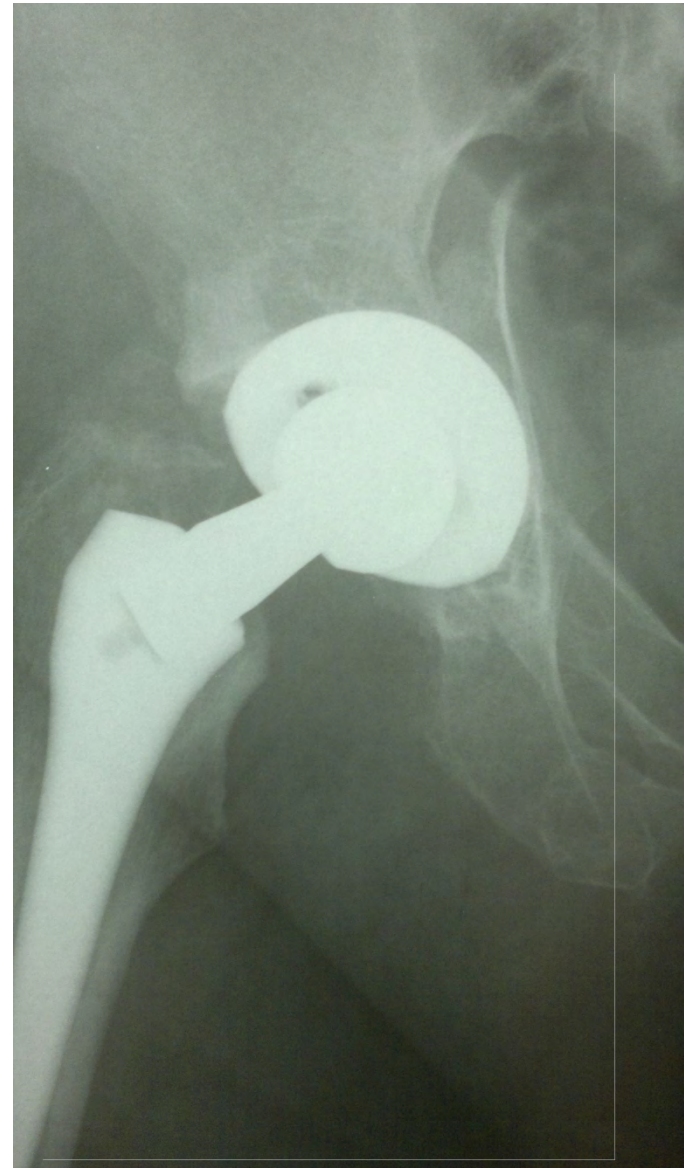
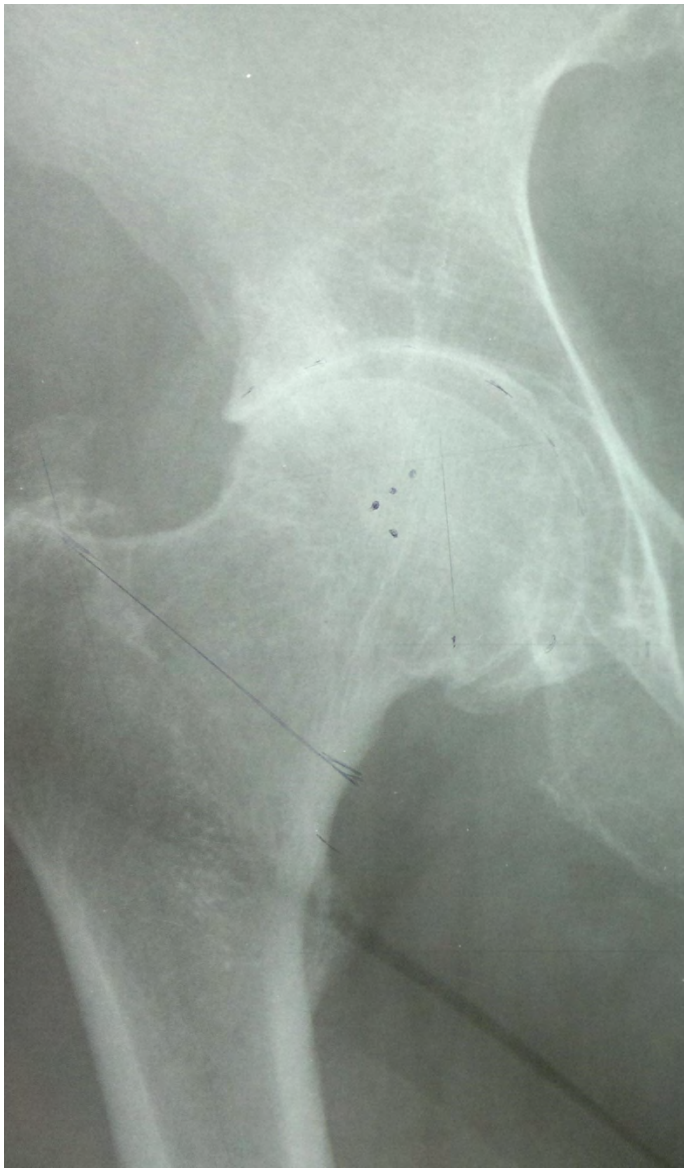


To improve primary stability



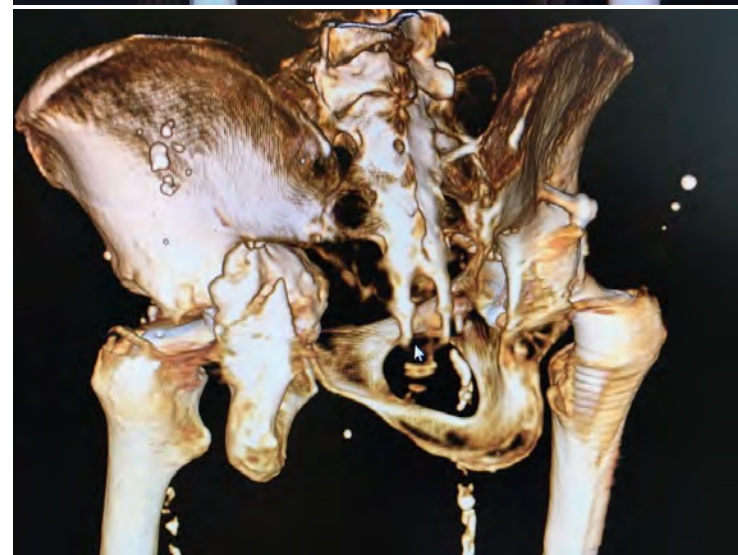






Intra-operative fractures can occur during rasping, reaming or implant impaction, and they must be treated immediately if the component(s) is (are) unstable.

Periprosthetic acetabular fractures. Benazzo F, Int Orthop. 2015



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE

FRATTURE INTRA-OPERATORIE

PATOGENESI E FATTORI DI RISCHIO



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CURRENT CONCEPTS REVIEW Intraoperative Periprosthetic Fractures During Total Hip Arthroplasty

Evaluation and Management

By Darin Davidson, MD, MHSc, Jeffrey Pike, MD, Donald Garbuz, MD, MHSc, FRCS, Clive P. Duncan, MB, MSc, FRCS, and Bassam A. Masri, MD, FRCS



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

The Journal of Arthroplasty

journal homepage: www.arthroplastyjournal.org

Complications - Other

Risk of Periprosthetic Fractures With Direct Anterior Primary Total Hip Arthroplasty

Keith R. Berend, MD ^{a, b, c, *}, Amer J. Mirza, MD ^d, Michael J. Morris, MD ^{a, c}, Adolph V. Lombardi Jr, MD, FACS ^{a, b, c}

TECNICA CHIRURGICA

- Approccio chirurgico con **tecniche mini invasive** :
% rischio Anteriore > Laterale/Posterolaterale
- **Manovre** forzate per la riduzione e la lussazione dell'anca (non ottimale release capsulare)
- Punto di **ingresso** non ottimale
- Condizioni chirurgiche che riducono la **resistenza dell'osso** (osteoporosi/fori delle viti)
- **Fresat** e le raspe/
- **Utilizz** i fill (taglie

Clin Orthop Relat Res (2015) 473:2045–2053
DOI 10.1007/s11999-014-4077-9

Clinical Orthopaedics
and Related Research[®]
A Publication of The Association of Bone and Joint Surgeons[®]



e le raspe/
i fill (taglie

Open Journal of Orthopedics, 2015, 5, 115-119
Published Online May 2015 in SciRes: <http://www.scirp.org/journal/ojo>
<http://dx.doi.org/10.4236/ojo.2015.55015>



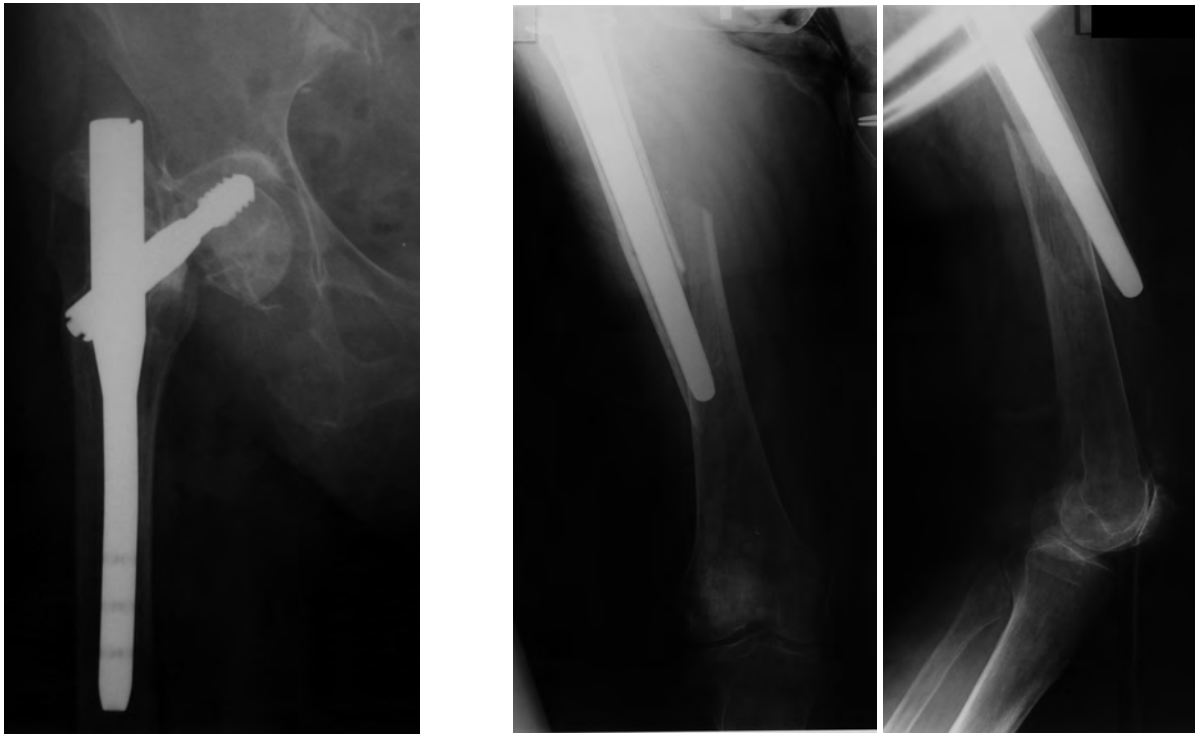
Increased Risk of Periprosthetic Femur Fractures Associated
With a Unique Cementless Stem Design

Chad D. Watts MD, Matthew P. Abdel MD,
David G. Lewallen MD, Daniel J. Berry MD,
Arlen D. Hanssen MD

Changes in Femoral Stem Geometry Reduce
Intraoperative Femoral Fracture Rates in
Total Hip Replacement

Tatsuya Sueyoshi, Michael E. Berend, John B. Meding, Robert A. Malinzak,
Wesley G. Lackey, Merrill A. Ritter
Center for Hip and Knee Surgery, Joint Replacement Surgeons of Indiana Research Foundation (JRSI),
Mooresville, IN, USA
Email: jrsresearch1@gmail.com





D'Arrigo C, Hip arthroplasty for failed treatment of proximal femoral fractures. *Int Orthop*. 2010
Enocson A, Hip arthroplasty after failed fixation of trochanteric and subtrochanteric fractures. *Acta Orthop*. 2012
Archibeck MJ, Total Hip Arthroplasty After Failed Internal Fixation Of Proximal Femoral Fractures, *JOA* 2013
Pui CM, Increased complication rate following Conversion Total Hip Arthroplasty.....: a multi-center study, *JOA*

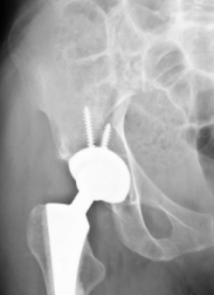


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Pui CM, Increased complication rate following Conversion Total Hip Arthroplasty....: a multi-center study, *JOA*



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI ACETABOLO

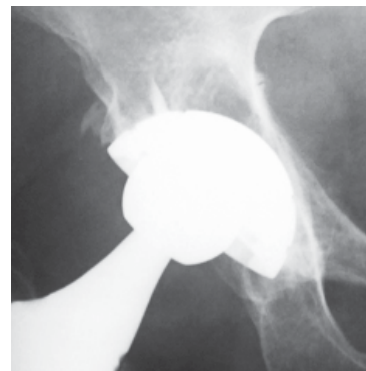
PATOGENESI

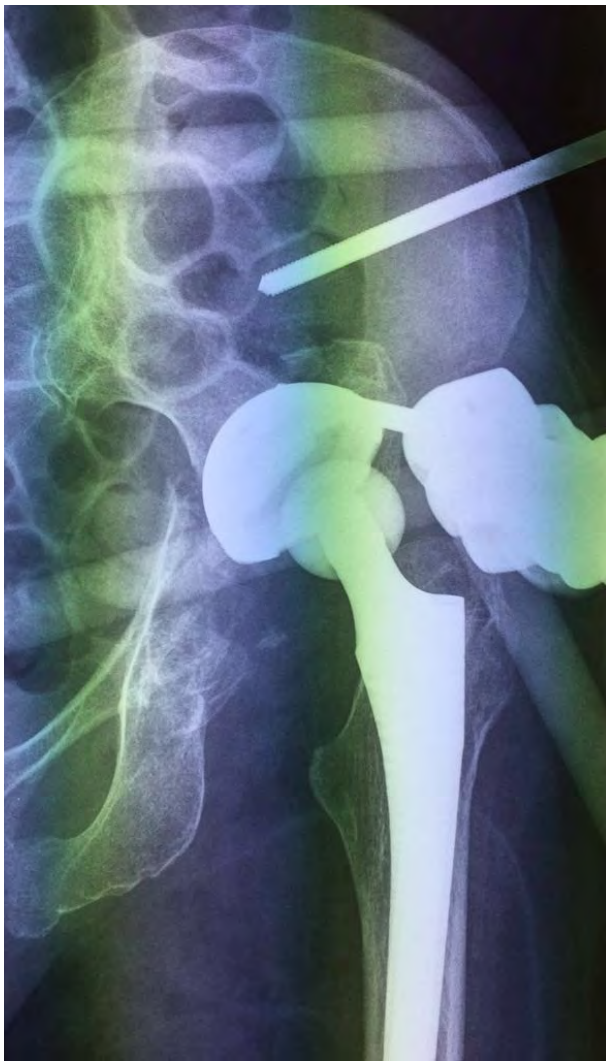


FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

- **TRAUMA:** (alta o bassa energia)
- **OSTEOLISI:** (maggior fattore predisponente ++ in pazienti che non eseguono controlli periodici)
- **DIFETTI OSSEI:** in esiti di chirurgia di revisione e/o infezioni periprotetiche
- **FRATTURE «ATIPICHE»**
(IATROGENE / DA STRESS)

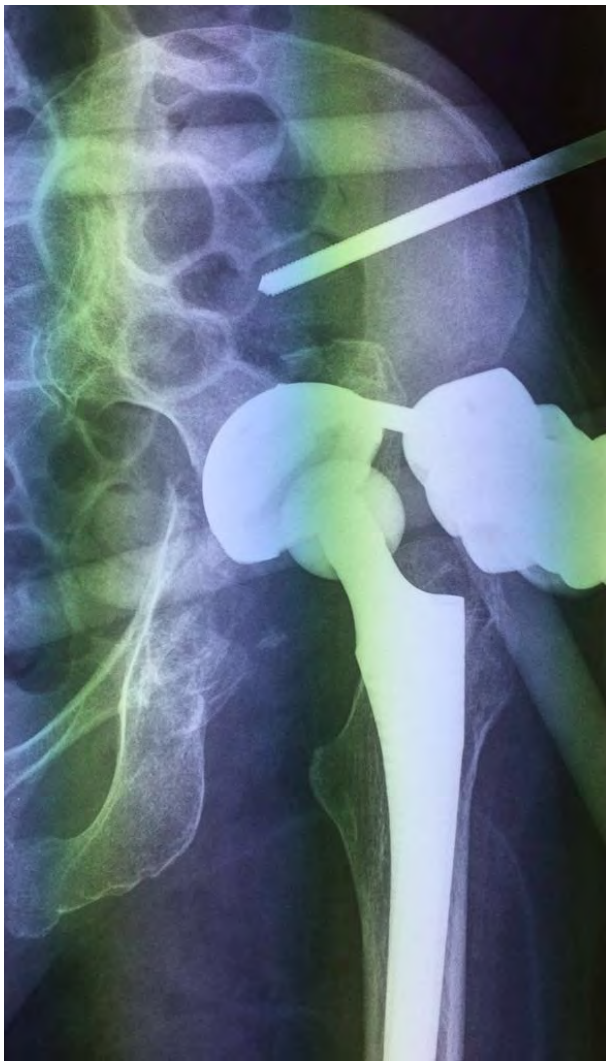
Marongiu G, Capone A. Atypical periprosthetic acetabular fracture in long-term alendronate therapy. Clin Cases Miner Bone Metab. 2016





Post-operative fractures can be due to major trauma (acute fractures) or minor forces in bone osteolysis; it is possible to plan reconstruction and fixation according to fracture characteristics. Treatment choice depends upon fracture site and implant stability.

Periprosthetic acetabular fractures. Benazzo F, Int Orthop. 2015



Post-operative fractures can be due to major trauma (acute fractures) or minor forces in bone osteolysis; it is possible to plan reconstruction and fixation according to fracture characteristics. Treatment choice depends upon fracture site and implant stability.

Periprosthetic acetabular fractures. Benazzo F, Int Orthop. 2015



FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE DI FEMORE

PATOGENESI



FRATTURE POST-OPERATORIE

Risk factors for periprosthetic femoral fracture

John Franklin^{a,*}, Henrik Malchau^b Injury, Int. J. Care Injured (2007) 38, 655–660

Table 1 Risk factors for intraoperative and postoperative periprosthetic femoral fractures.

General factors

Female sex

Osteoporosis: primary,
secondary

Osteopenia

Rheumatoid arthritis

Osteomalacia

Paget's disease

Osteogenesis imperfecta

Thalassemia

Clinical conditions resulting in loss of balance/falls

Parkinsonism

Neuropathic arthropathy

Poliomyelitis

Myasthenia gravis

Cerebral palsy

Seizures

Ataxia

Local factors

Stress risers within
cortex

Loose prosthesis

Localised osteolysis

Cortical perforation

Revision arthroplasty

Cementless femoral
component

- *Traumi a bassa energia*
- *Età*
- *Sesso Femminile*
- *Osteoporosi*
- *Diagnosi primaria (AR, frattura femore etc.)*
- *Osteolisi*
- *Mobilizzazione asettica*
- *Revisione*
- *Tipo di impianto*
- *Prevenzione (controlli clinici e rx-grafici nel tempo)*

CONCLUSIONI



CONCLUSIONI



***PERCHÉ È IMPORTANTE CONOSCERE LA
CLASSIFICAZIONE DI UNA FRATTURA?***

- ***LINGUAGGIO COMUNE***
- ***PLANNING PRE-OPERATORIO***
- ***(ALGORITMO DI TRATTAMENTO)***

CONCLUSIONI



PERCHÉ È IMPORTANTE CONOSCERE LA CLASSIFICAZIONE DI UNA FRATTURA?

- ***LINGUAGGIO COMUNE***
- ***PLANNING PRE-OPERATORIO***
- ***(ALGORITMO DI TRATTAMENTO)***

PERCHÉ È IMPORTANTE CONOSCERE LA PATOGENESI DI UNA FRATTURA?

- ***PREVENZIONE !!***

Grazie
per
l'attenzione

**Vi aspettiamo
a Bari!**

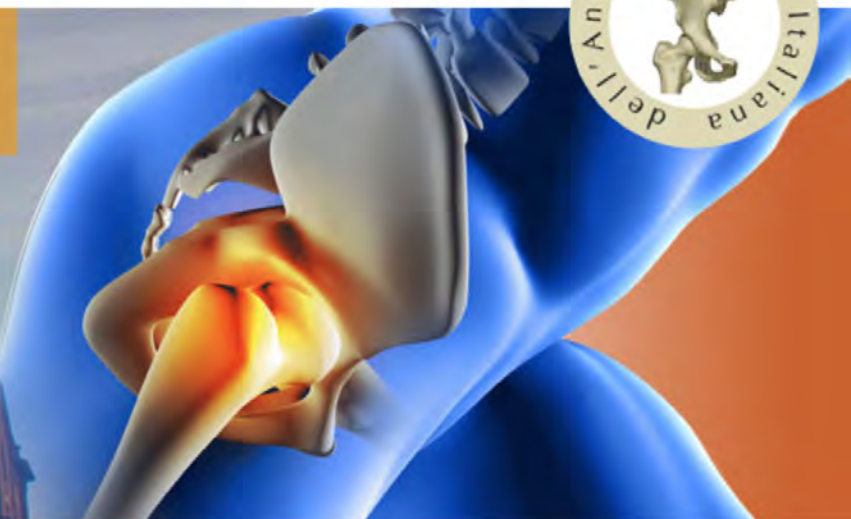




**CONGRESSO NAZIONALE
DELLA SOCIETÀ ITALIANA DELL'ANCA**



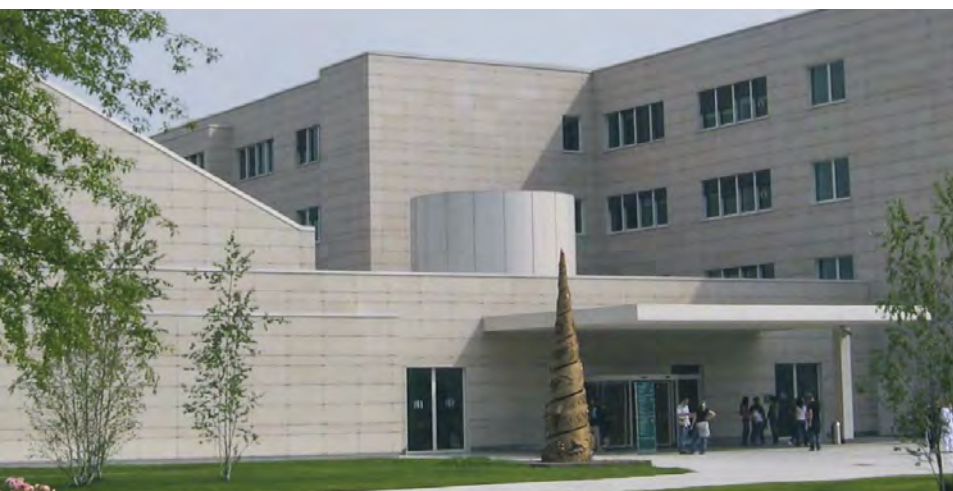
Monza, 23-24 Novembre 2017



COMPLICANZE: PREVENZIONE E TRATTAMENTO NELLA CHIRURGIA DELL'ANCA DALL'ARTROSCOPIA ALLA PROTESI

FRATTURE PERIPROTESICHE

Le Fratture Acetabolari



Guido Grappiolo

HUMANITAS
RESEARCH HOSPITAL

Introduction

Periprosthetic fractures of the acetabulum are rare

incidence 0.07 % (uncemented) - 0.2 % (cemented)

represent 3.8 % of hip revisions

General risk factors:

- **poor cup positioning**
- **young and/ or active patients**
- **osteoporosis**
- **bone defects**
- **osteolysis**
- **rheumatic arthritis**



Aetiology

- peri-operative
- traumatic
- osteolysis-related



Peri-operative

Clin Orthop Relat Res
DOI 10.1007/s11999-016-5138-z

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CrossMark

CLINICAL RESEARCH

Periprosthetic Occult Fractures of the Acetabulum Occur Frequently During Primary THA

**Kazuhiro Hasegawa MD, Tamon Kabata MD, PhD, Yoshitomo Kajino MD, PhD,
Daisuke Inoue MD, Hiroyuki Tsuchiya MD, PhD**

- 8.4% (41 of 486 hips)
- The superolateral wall was the most frequent location
- peripheral self-locking cups was associated with increased risk

Peri-operative

Clin Orthop Relat Res
DOI 10.1007/s11999-016-5138-z

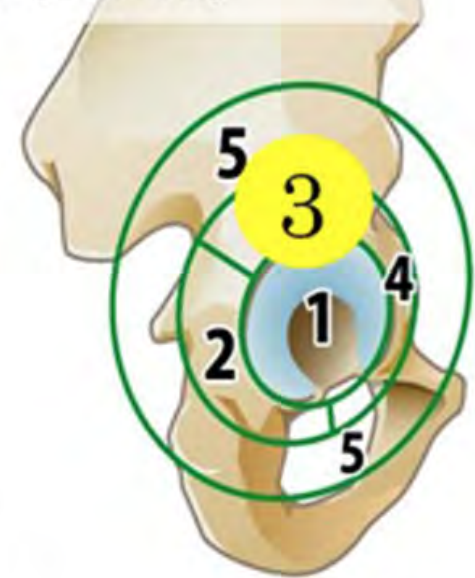
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and Related Research®
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CLINICAL RESEARCH

Periprosthetic Occult Fractures of the Acetabulum Occur Frequently During Primary THA

Kazuhiro Hasegawa MD, Tamon Kabata MD, PhD, Yoshitomo Kajino MD, PhD,
Daisuke Inoue MD, Hiroyuki Tsuchiya MD, PhD

Superolateral wall
37% (15/41)



- 8.4% (41 of 486 hips)
- The superolateral wall was the most frequent location
- peripheral self-locking cups was associated with increased risk

Aetiology

- peri-operative
usually occur while impacting
an uncemented acetabular
hemispherical cup in primary
or during revision surgery

Medial wall
20% (8/41)





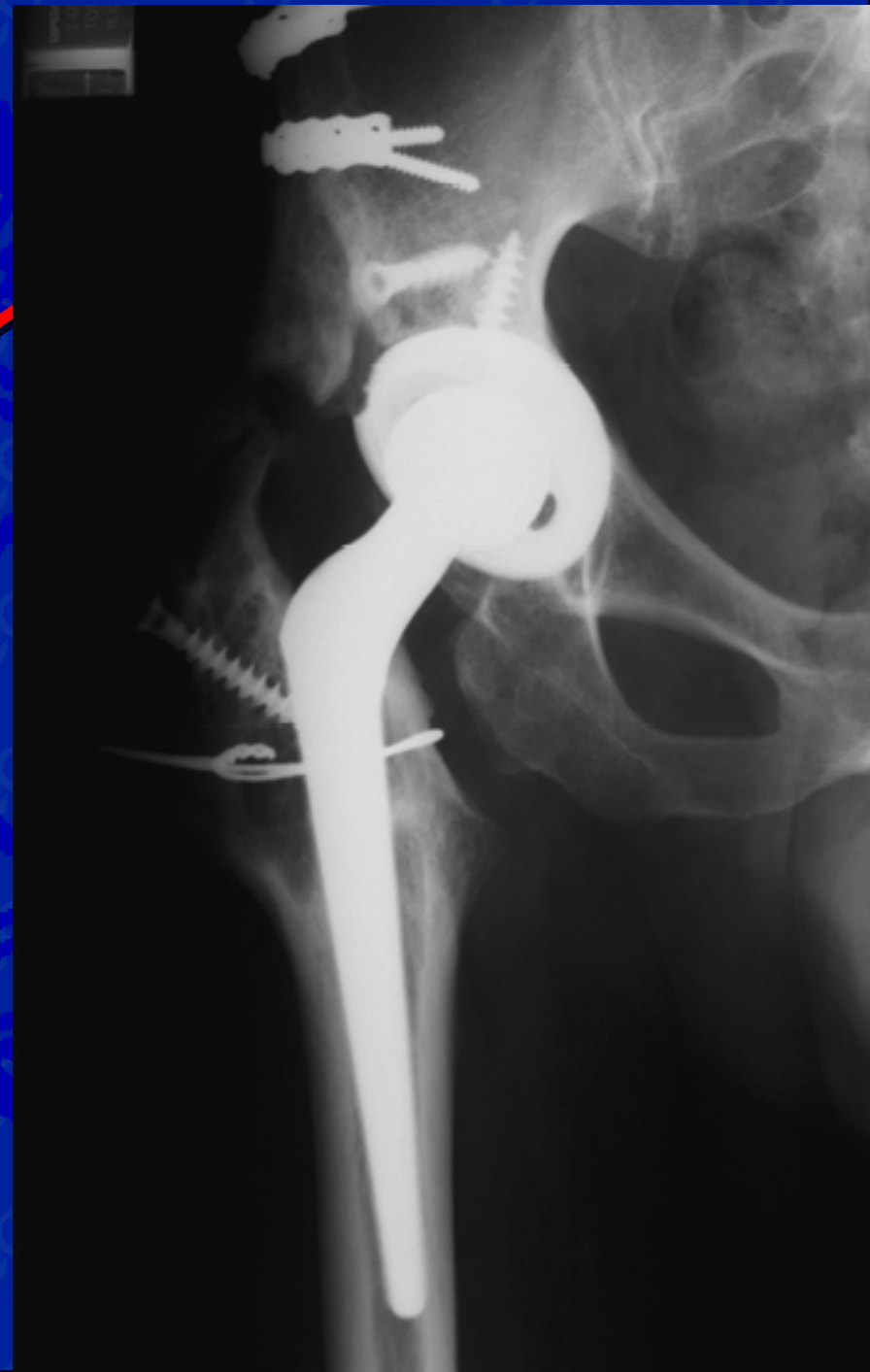
early complications:

3 dislocations (2 revised for malalignment of the cup in the immediate post-op)

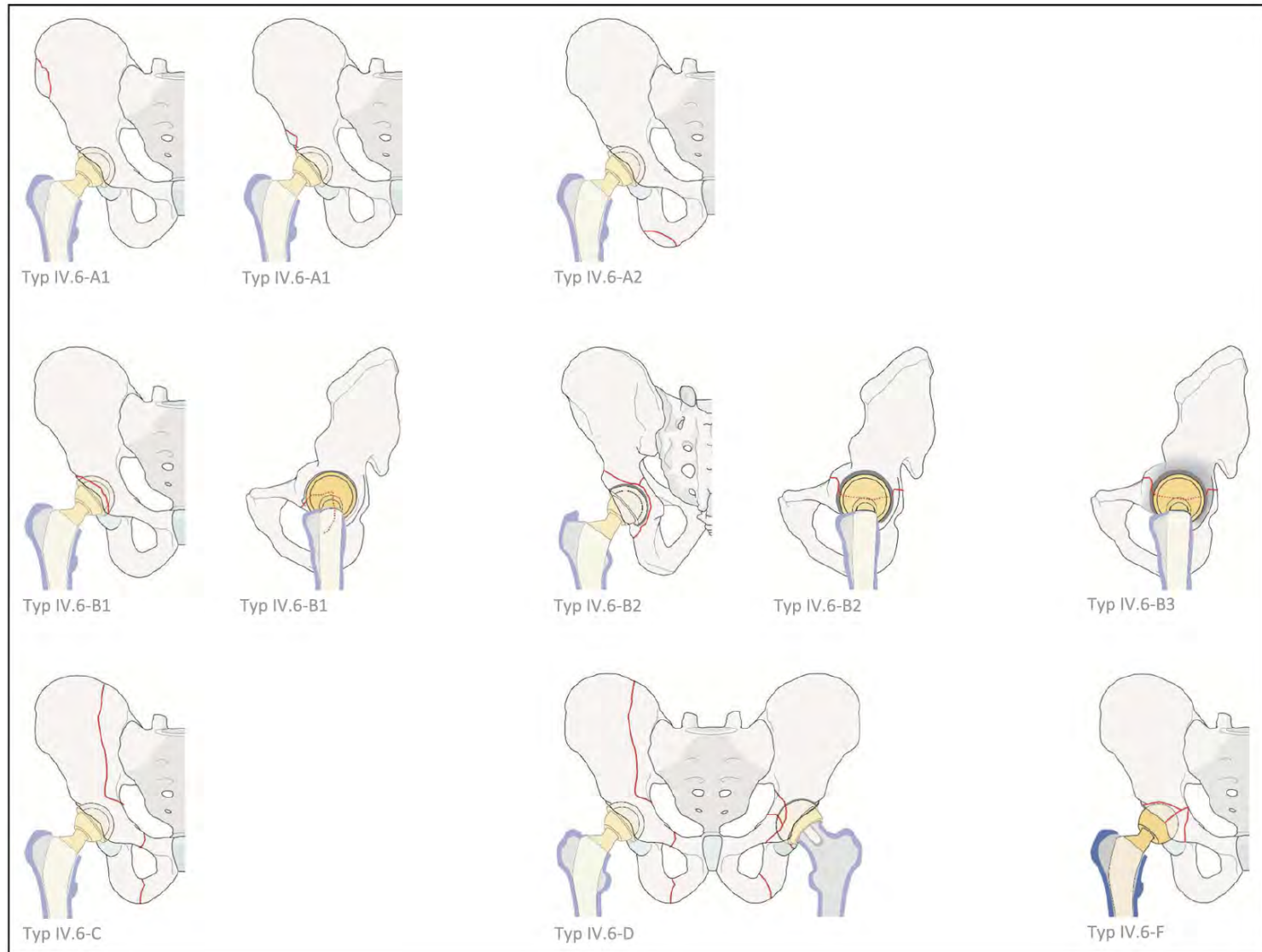
1 Ischiatic nerv palsy

1 iliac fracture

2 TVP



Topographic Classification



Duncan CP, Haddad FS (2014) The Unified Classification System (UCS): improving our understanding of periprosthetic fractures. Bone Joint J 96-b(6):713–716.

Pain & Insufficiency Fractures

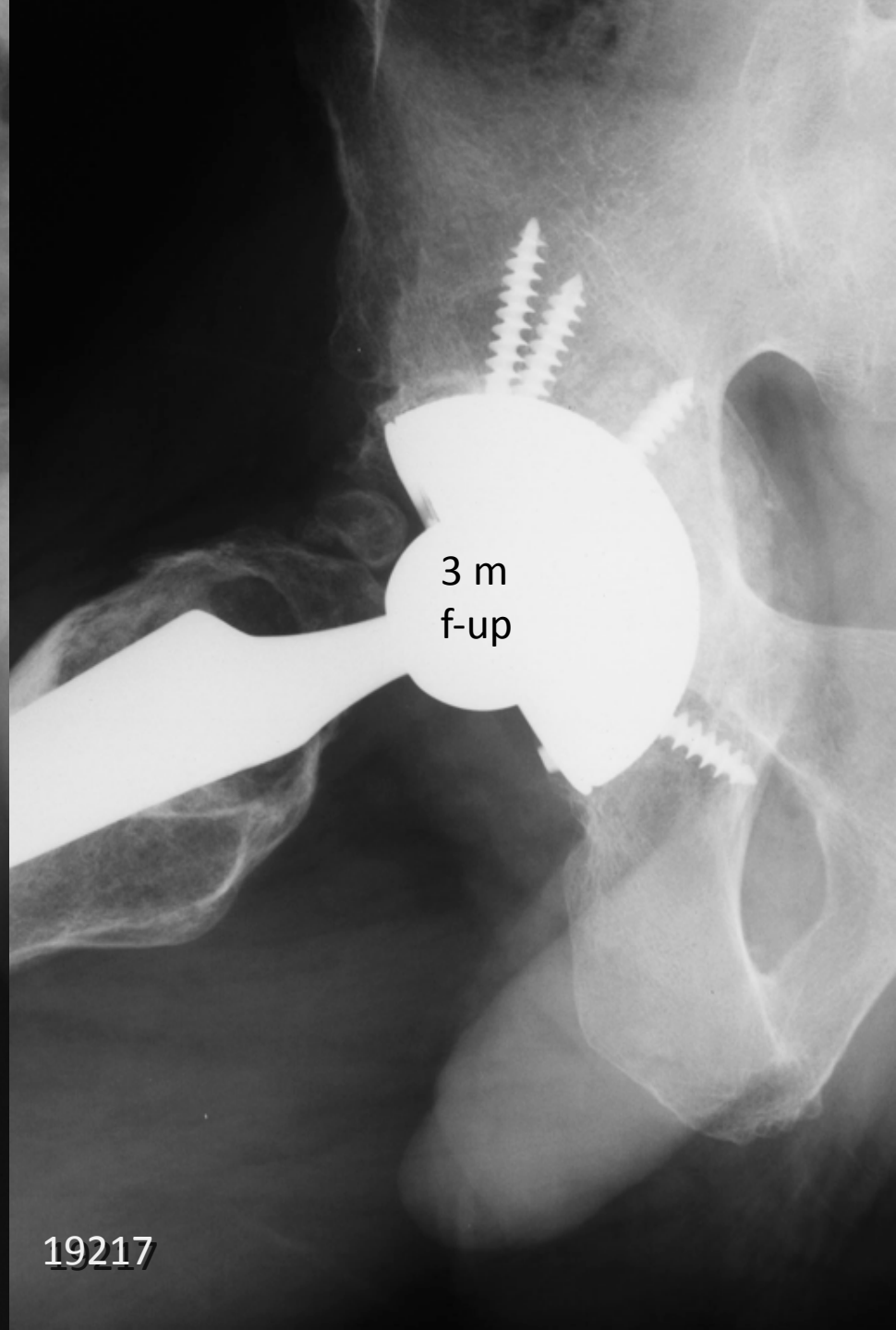
Clinical	71yo Female, ML Taper Stem/Trilogy Cup 2008 (Cup revised for Impingement 2010)
Bloods	ESR 8 CRP 1
Imaging	MRI – Insufficiency fractures to Pubis and Sacrum, No Hip abnormalities



Aetiology

- traumatic

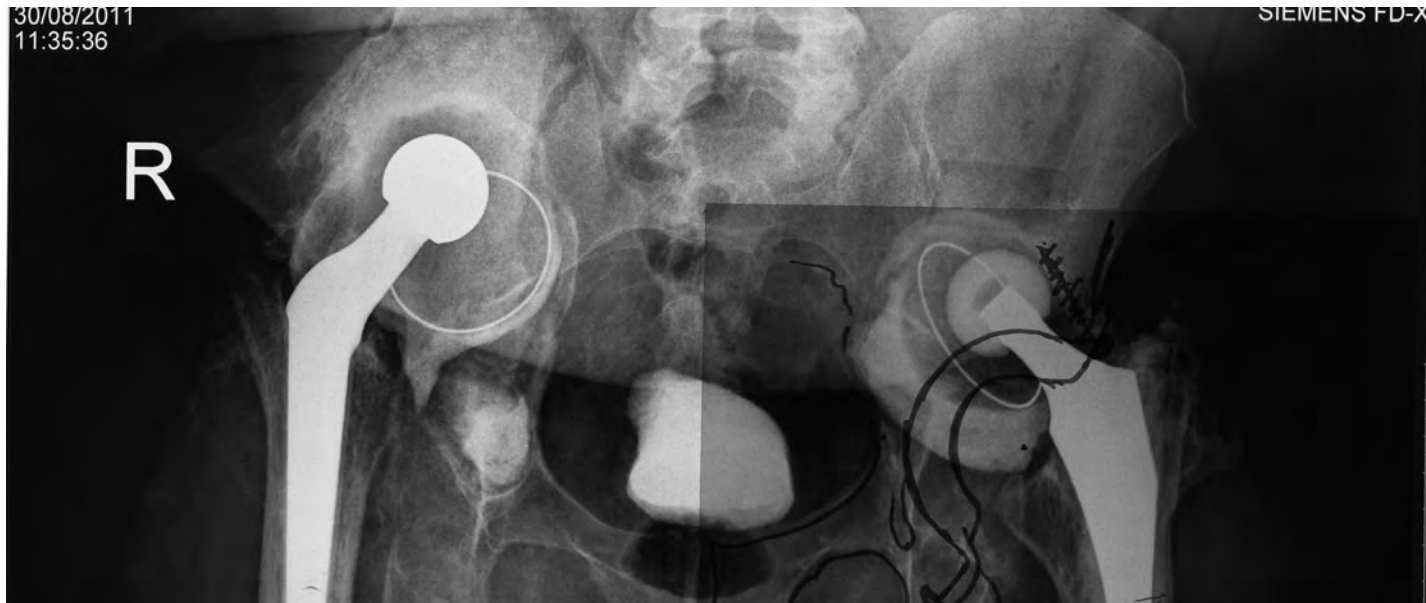
19217



19217

Traumatic

- Traumatic periprosthetic acetabular fractures have rarely been reported in the literature
- The challenge is to differentiate between an acute fracture after a traumatic event and a subtle fracture due to osteolytic bone loss. Even with a sudden onset of pain in the presence of an acute event, the fracture may be caused by an acute migration after progressive osteolysis



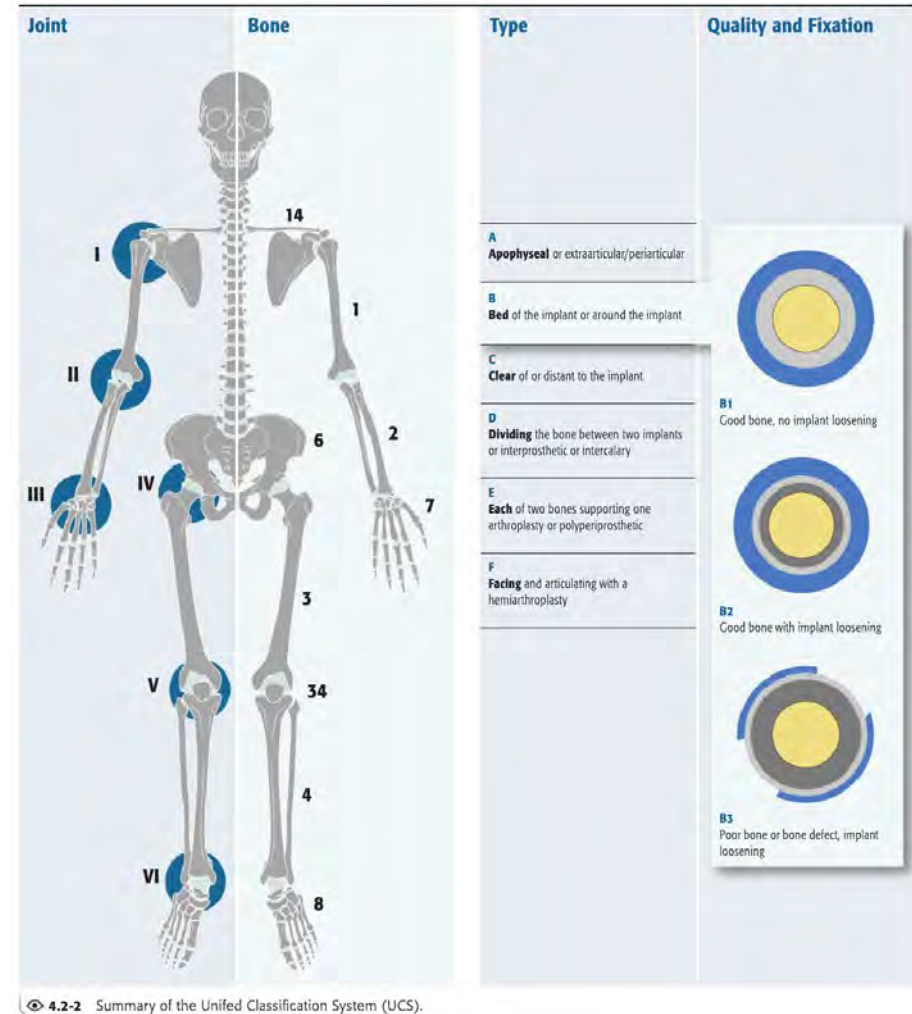
DX



Classifications

Peterson and Lewallen

- type I: the cup was radiographically stable; in
- type II: the acetabular component was clearly displaced or radiographically loose



Peterson CA, Lewallen DG (1996) Periprosthetic fracture of the acetabulum after total hip arthroplasty. J Bone Joint Surg Am 78:1206

Duncan CP, Haddad FS (2014) The Unified Classification System (UCS): improving our understanding of periprosthetic fractures. Bone Joint J 96-b(6):713–716.

Classifications

1. Intraoperative during component insertion
 - a. Recognised, stable component, undisplaced fracture
 - b. Recognised, displaced fracture, cup unstable
 - c. Not recognised intraoperatively
2. Intraoperative during removal
 - a. Less than 50 % bone stock loss
 - b. Greater than 50 % bone stock loss
3. Traumatic
 - a. Component stable
 - b. Component unstable
4. Spontaneous
 - a. Less than 50 % bone stock loss
 - b. Greater than 50 % bone stock loss
5. Pelvic discontinuity
 - a. Less than 50 % bone stock loss
 - b. Greater than 50 % bone stock loss
 - c. Associated with pelvic radiation

Della Valle CJ, Momberger NG, Paprosky WG (2003) Periprosthetic fractures of the acetabulum associated with a total hip arthroplasty. Instr Course Lect 52:281–290

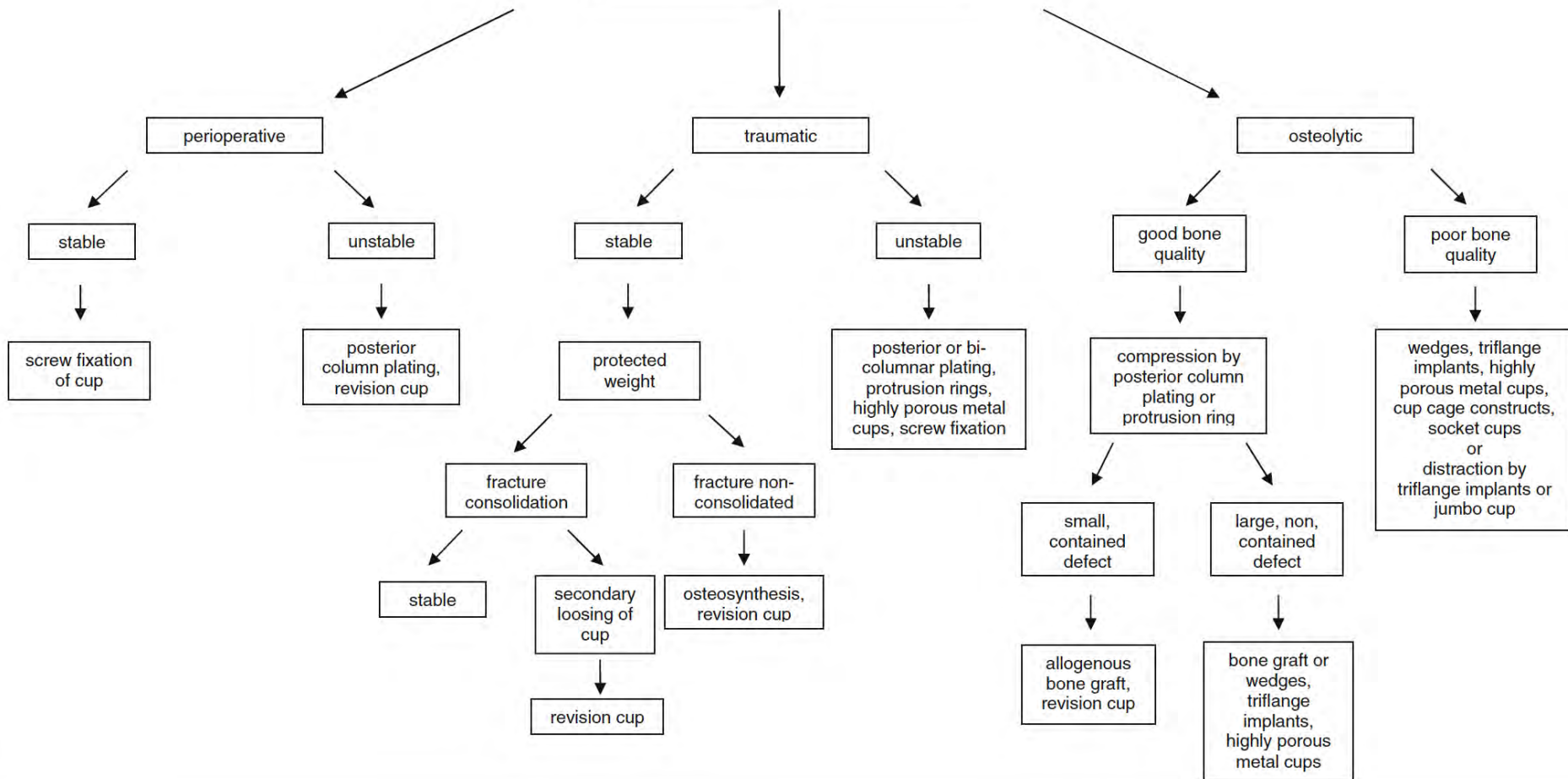
Peterson CA, Lewallen DG (1996) Periprosthetic fracture of the acetabulum after total hip arthroplasty. J Bone Joint Surg Am 78:1206

Duncan CP, Haddad FS (2014) The Unified Classification System (UCS): improving our understanding of periprosthetic fractures. Bone Joint J 96-b(6):713–716.

Treatment algorithm of acetabular periprosthetic fractures

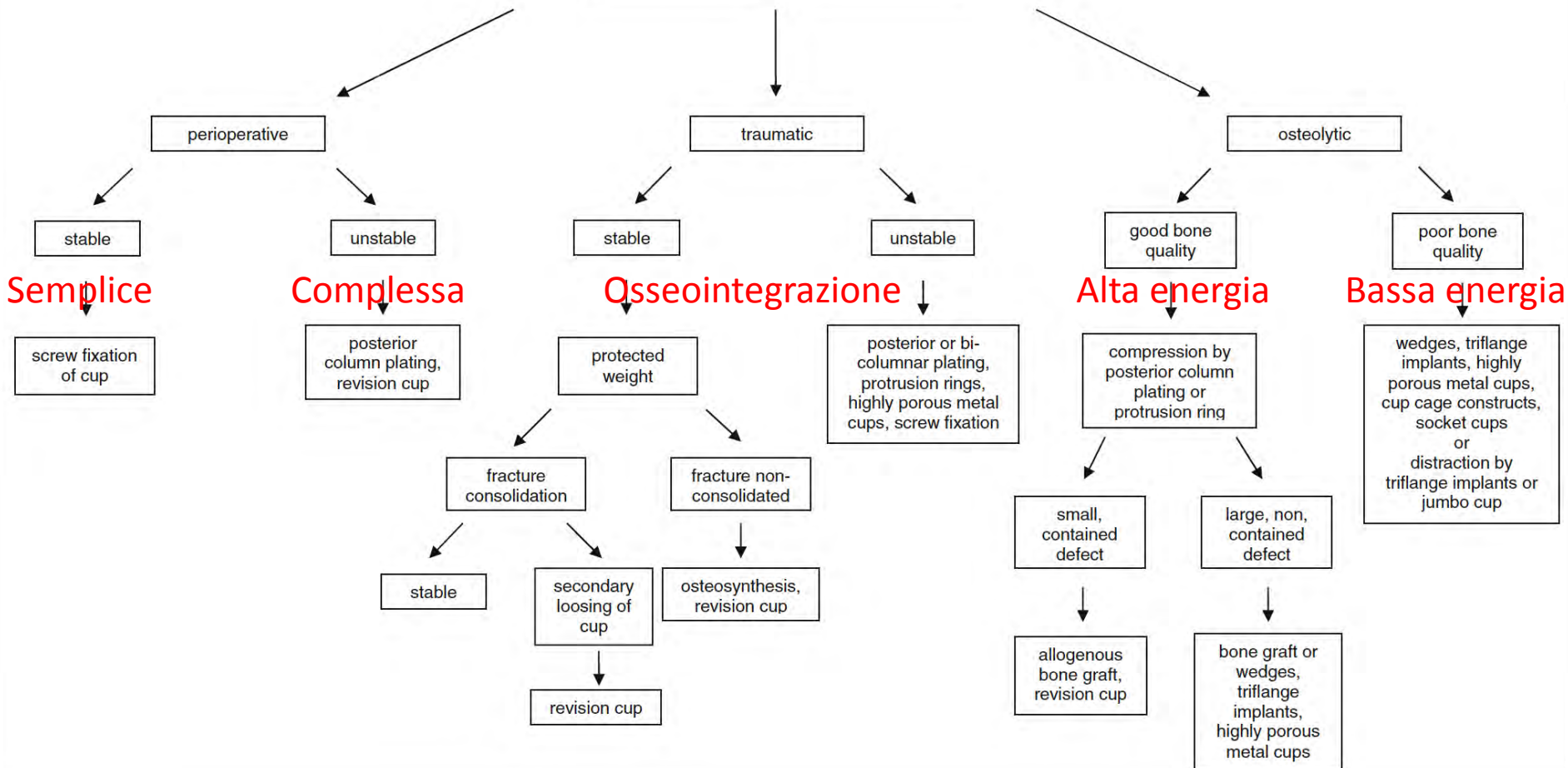
Paul Simon, Philipp von Roth, Carsten Perka.

Fractures



Treatment algorithm of acetabular periprosthetic fractures

Paul Simon, Philipp von Roth, Carsten Perka.
Acetabular Periprosthetic Fractures

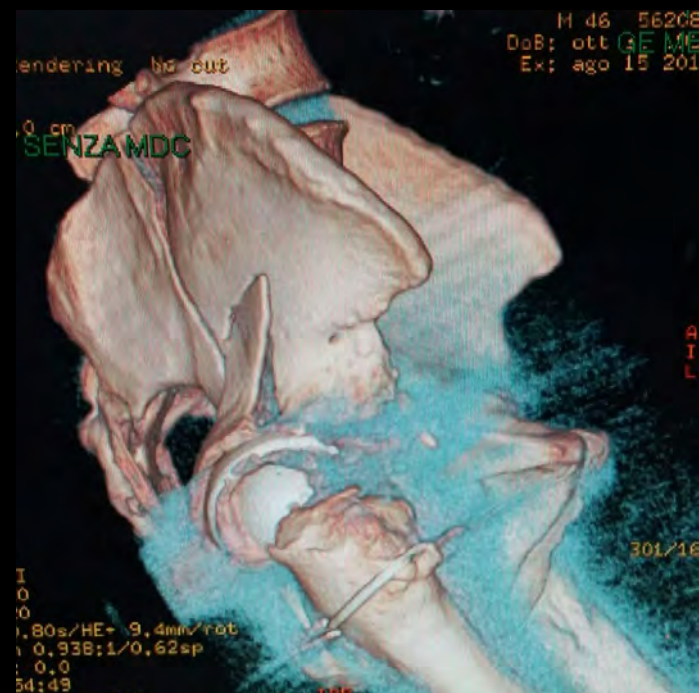
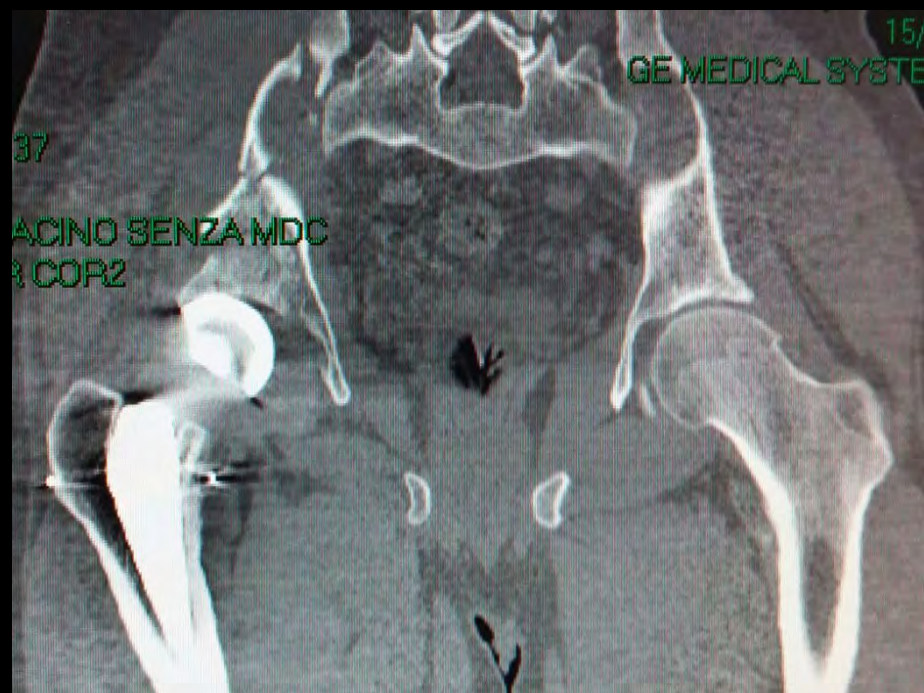
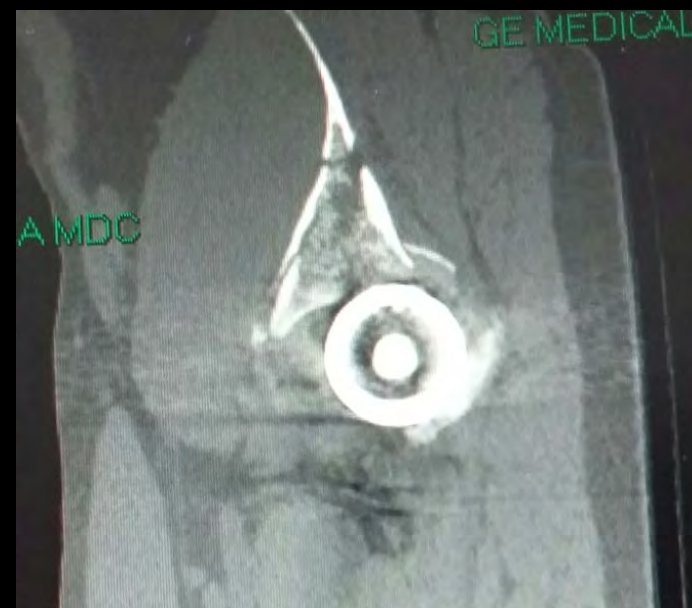
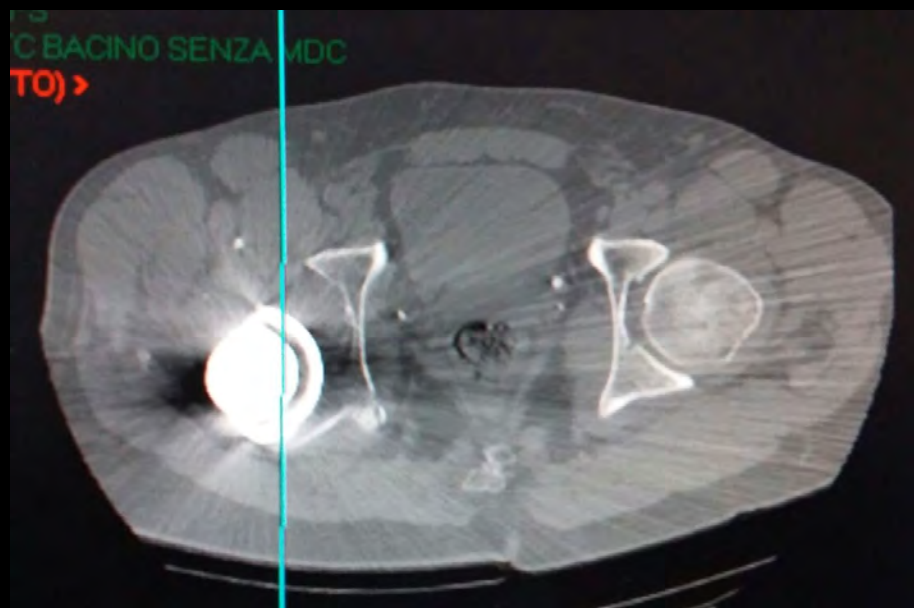


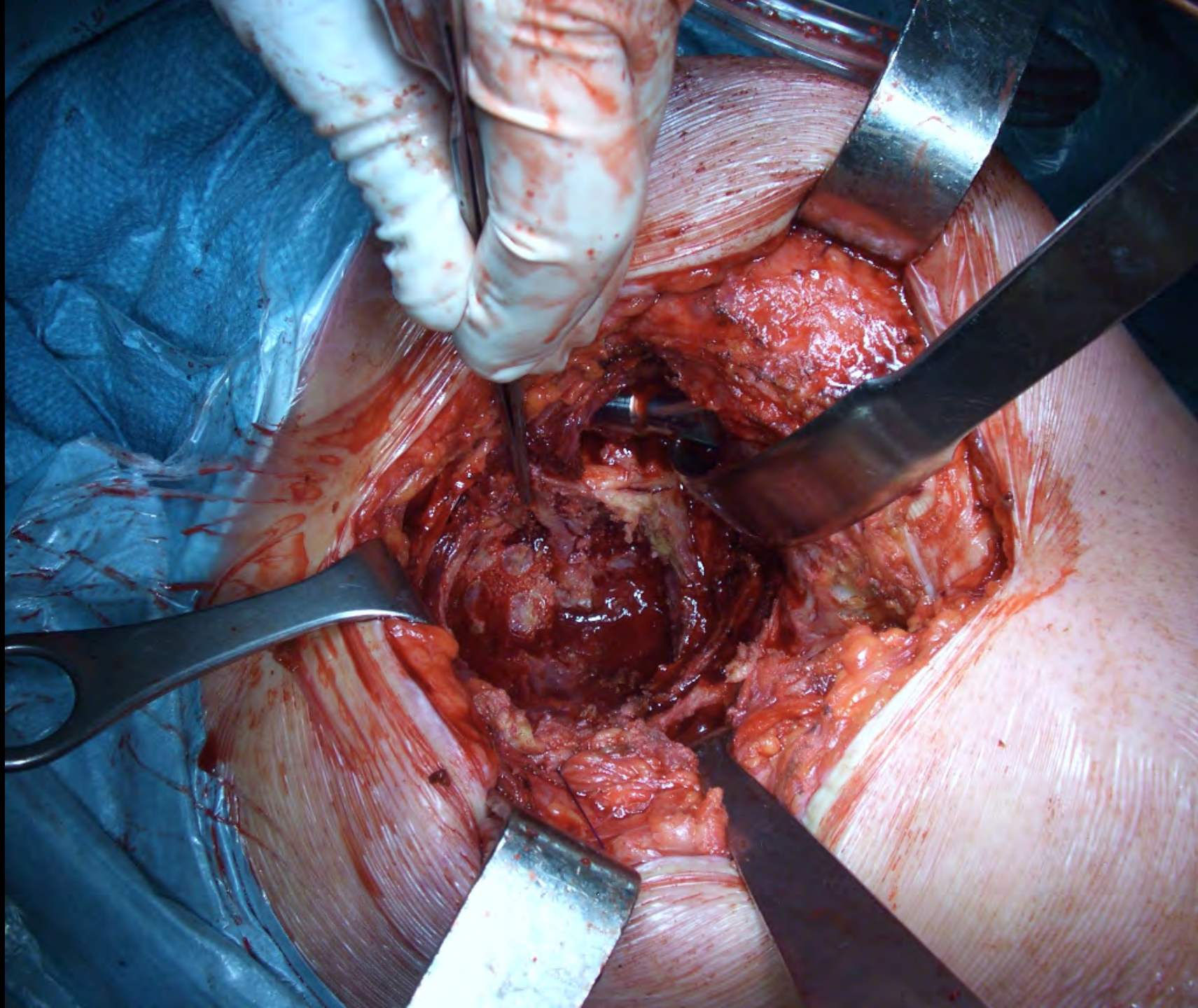
D

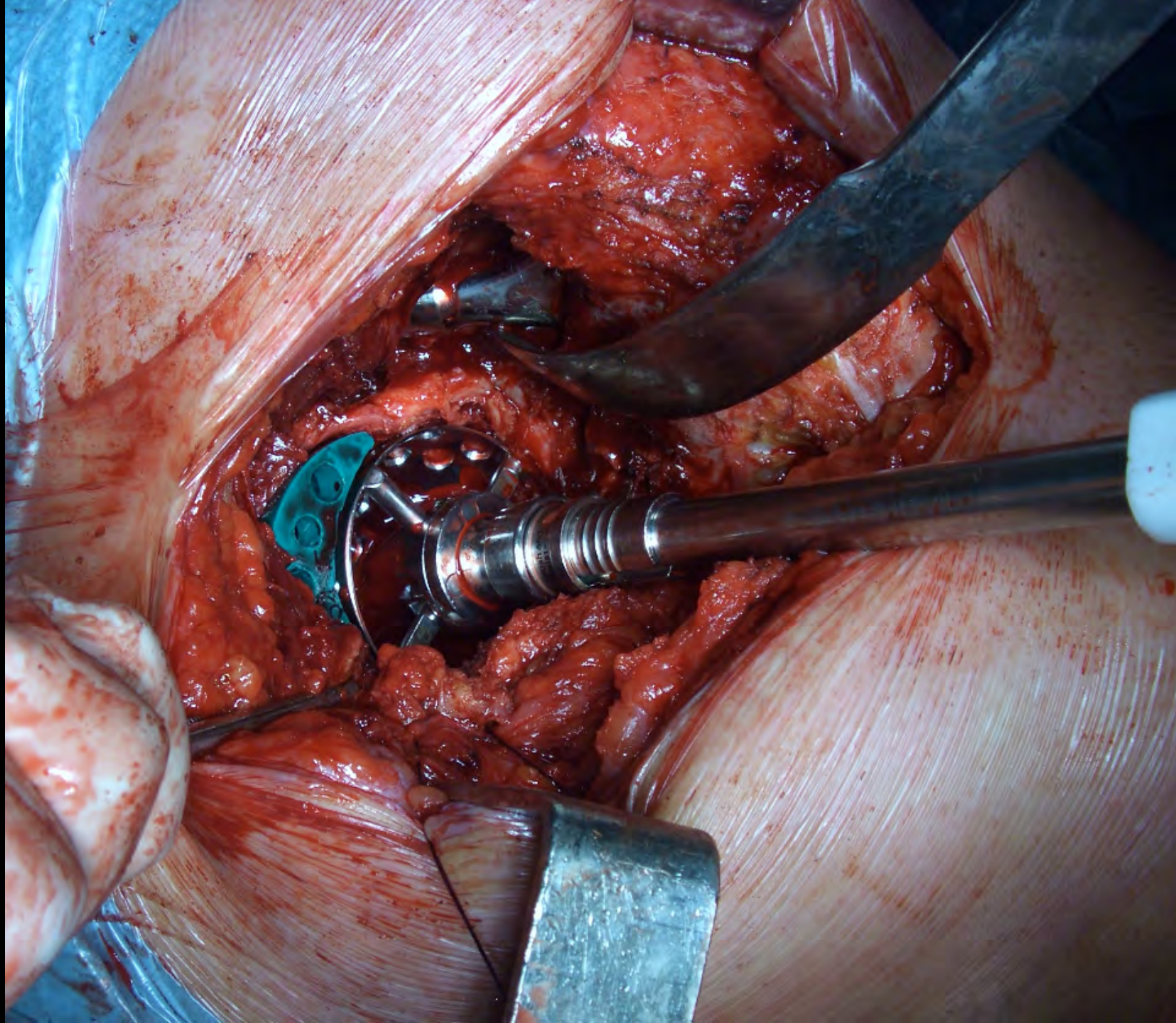


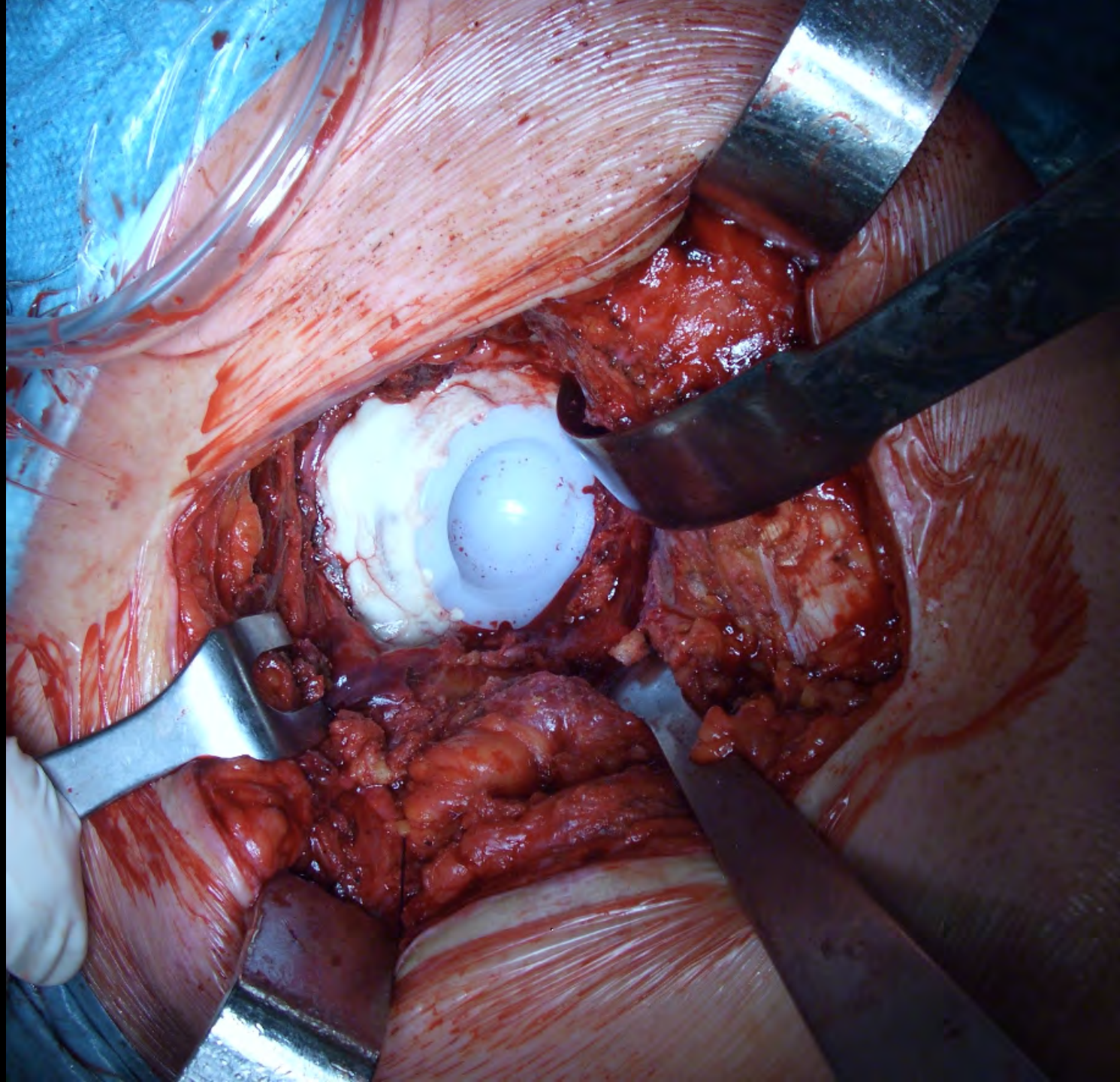
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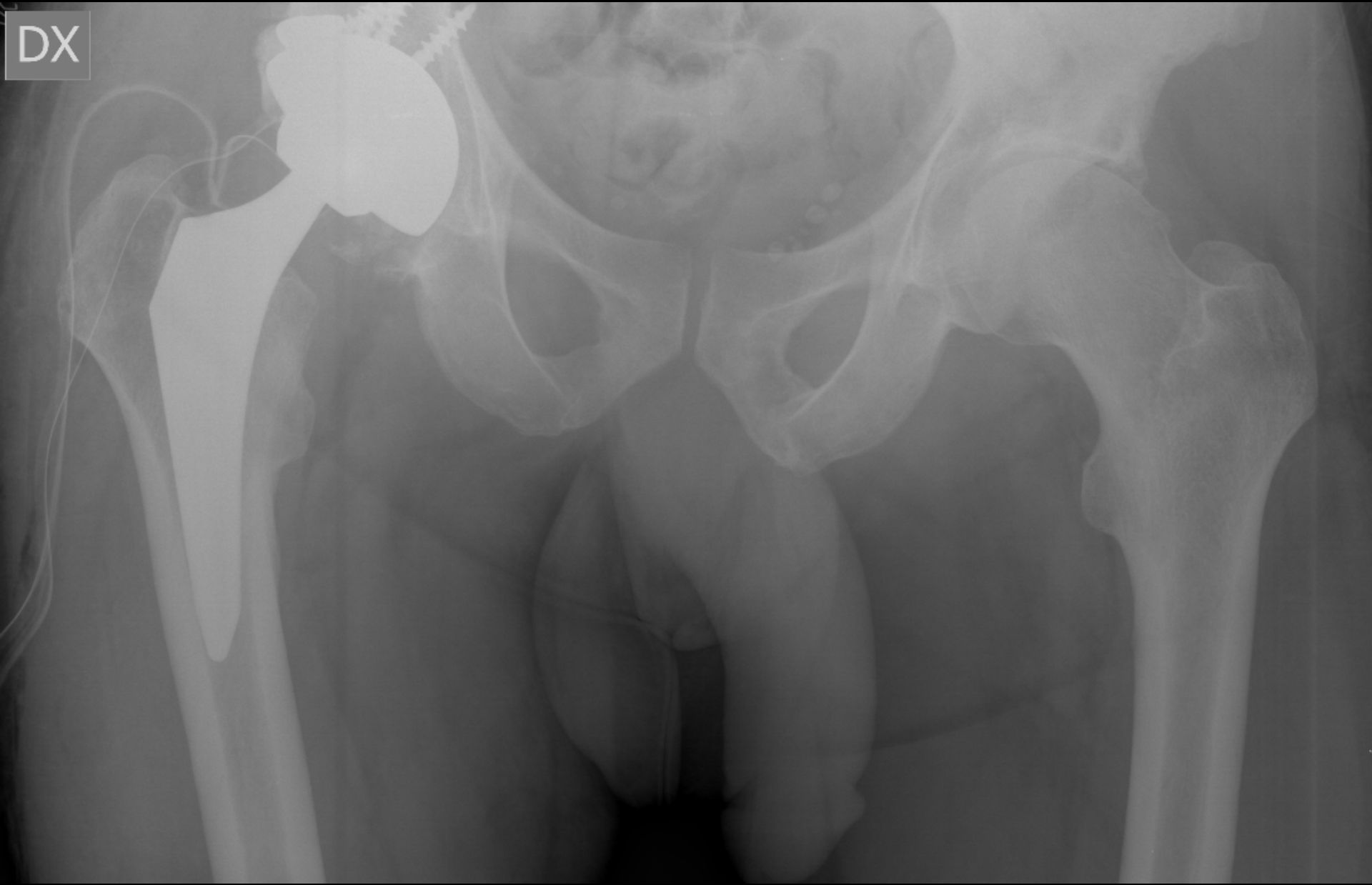




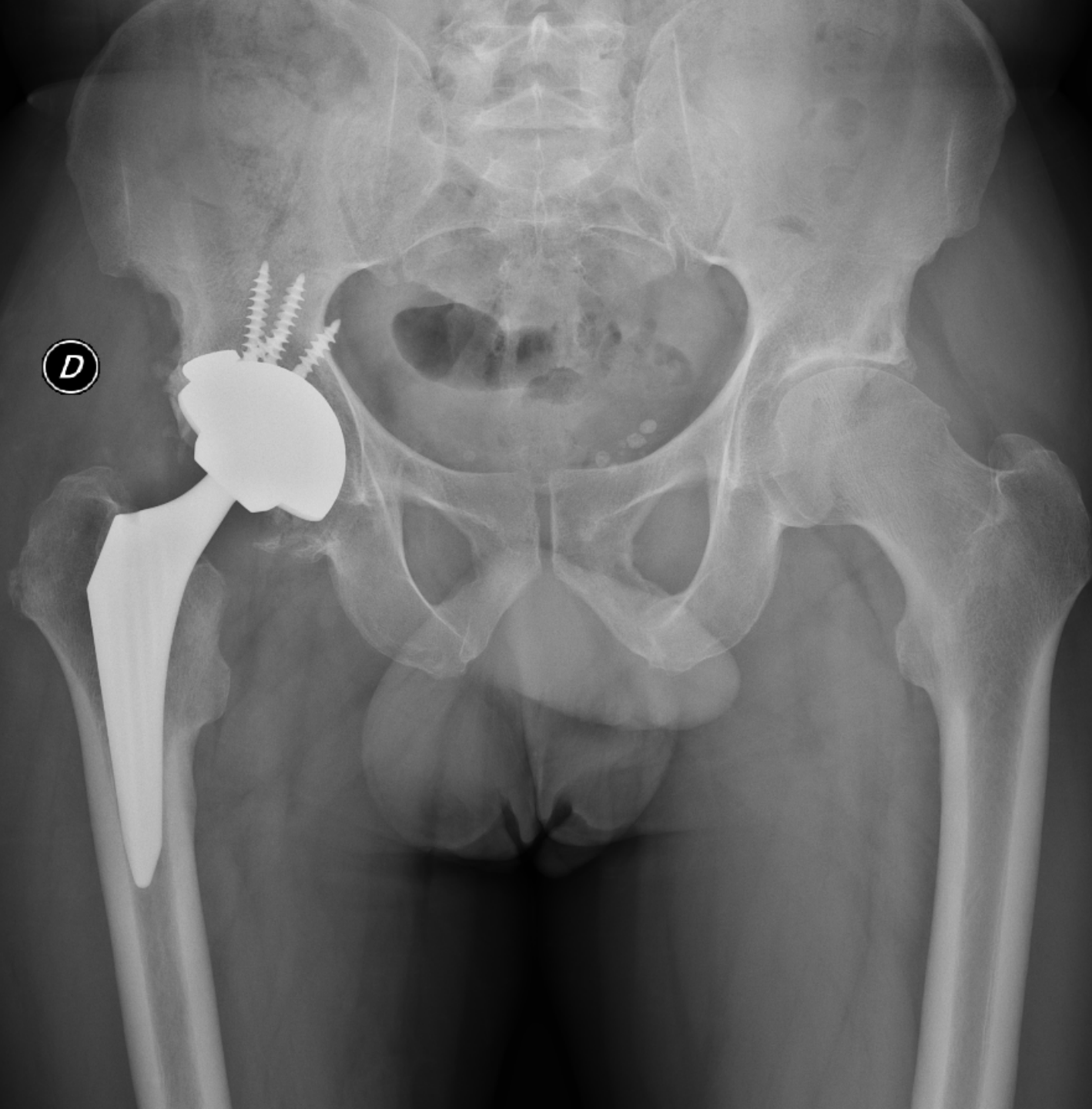
DX

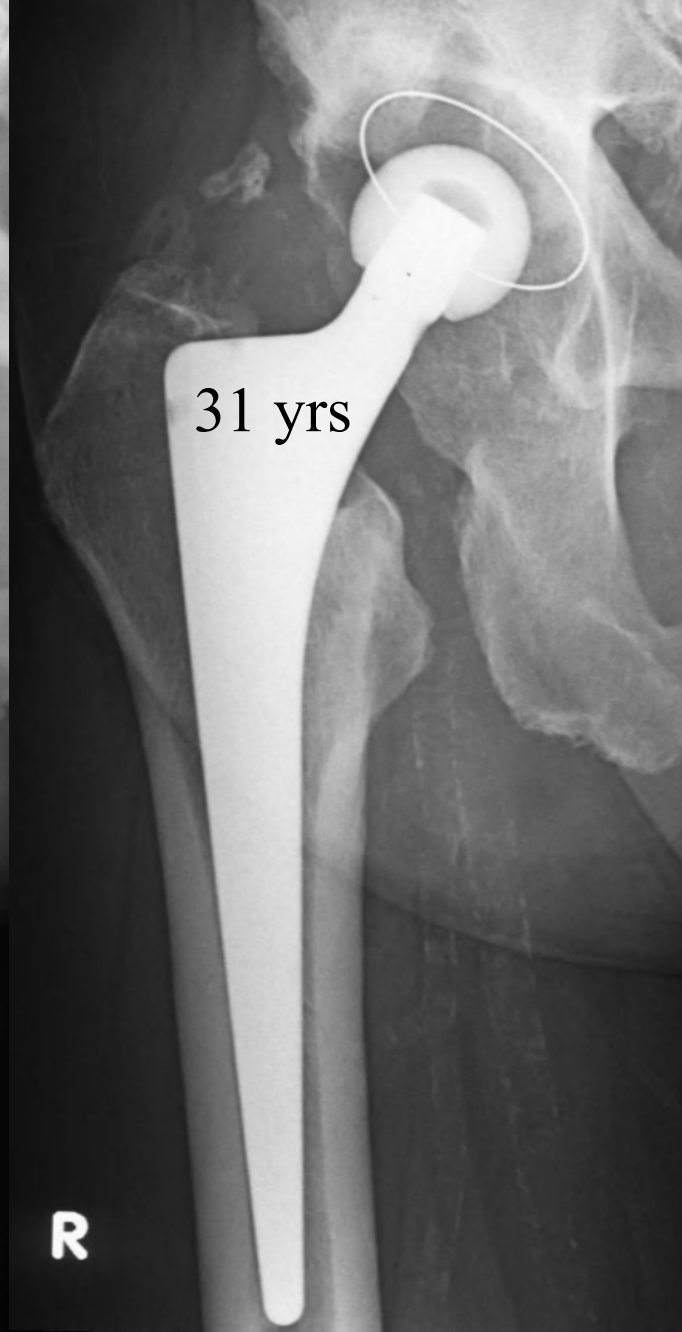
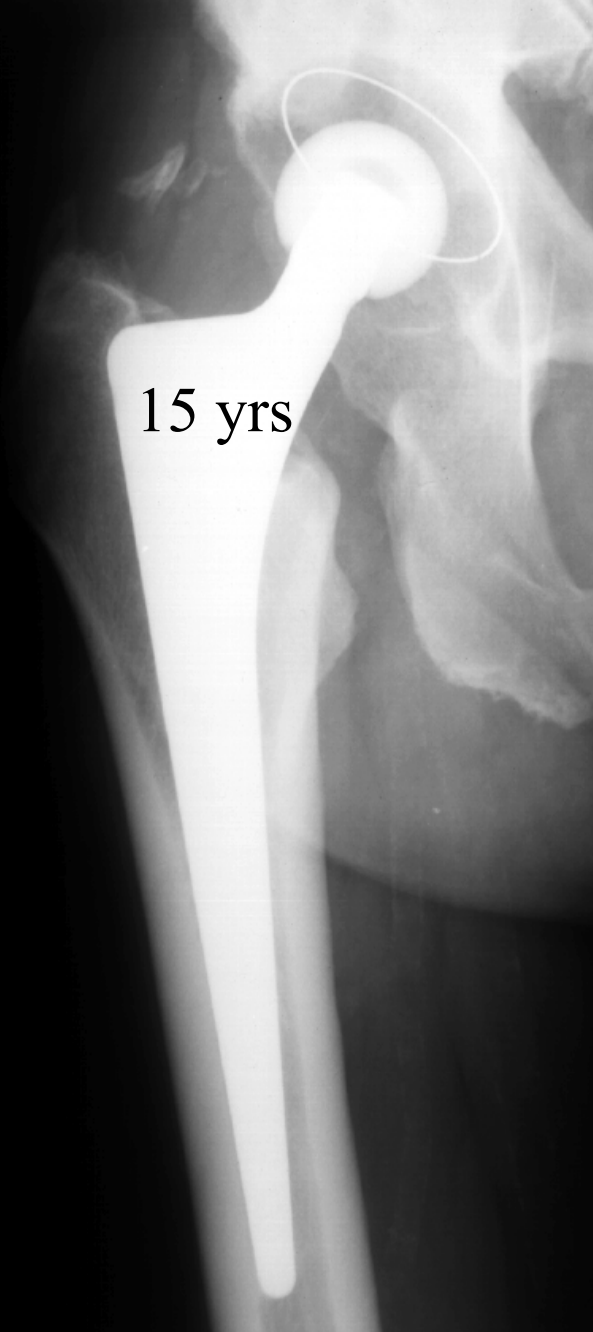


DX



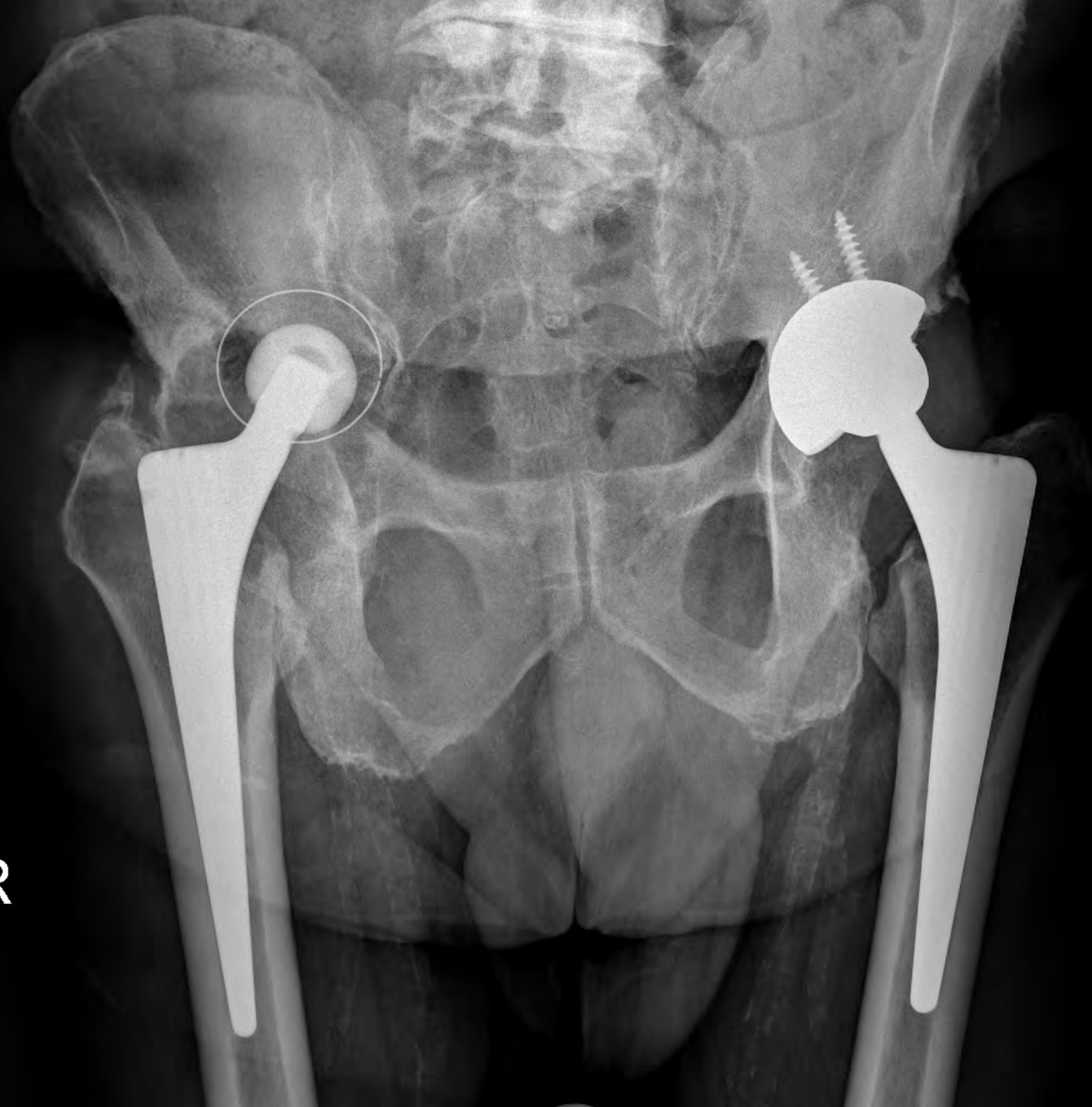
D







R





Peri-operative

Intraoperative

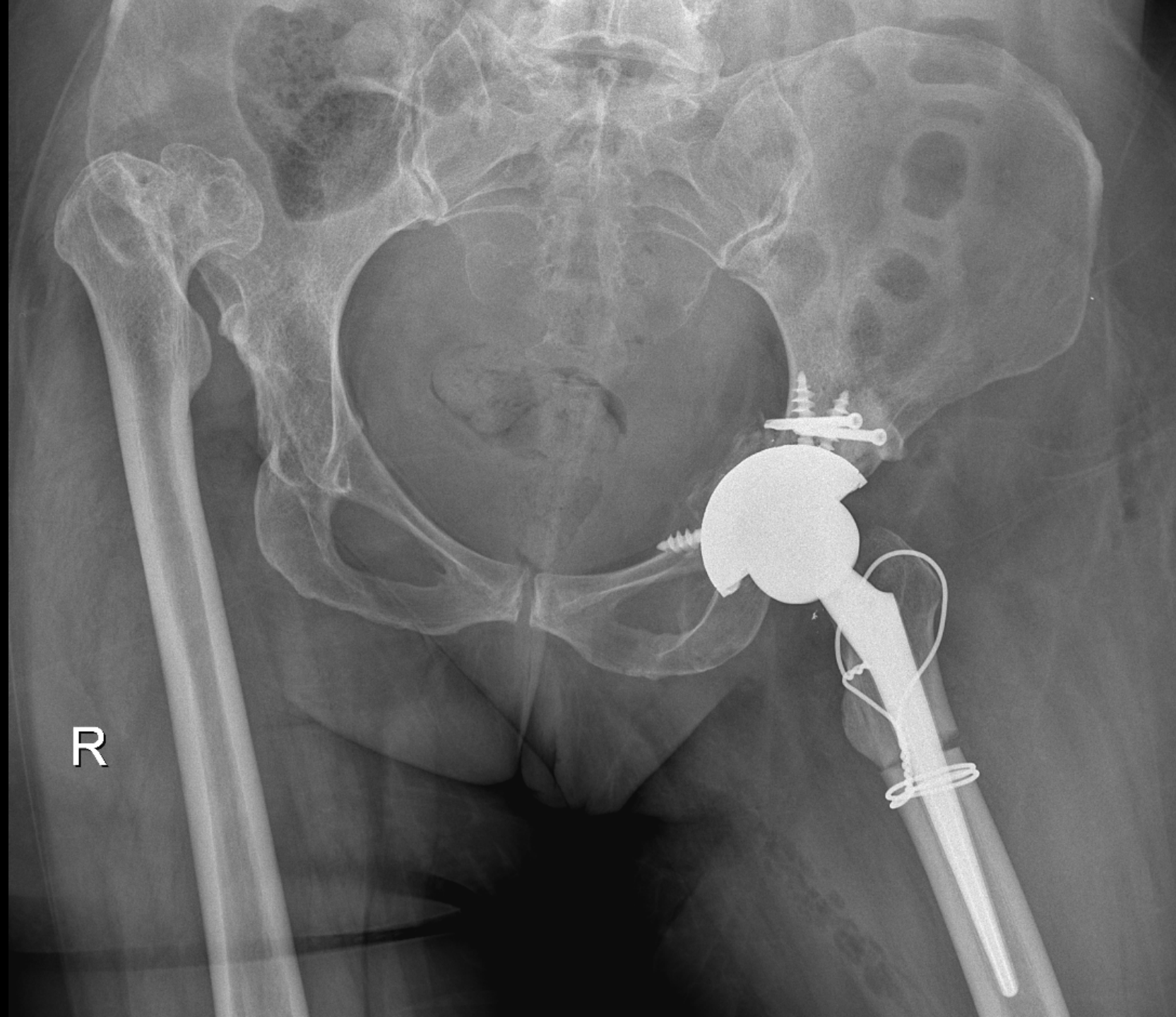
- Recognized intraoperatively
- The most common event is a vertical, incomplete splitting of the posterior column due to under-reaming in sclerotic bone
- if the final implant appears to be stable on testing with a cup introducer, the use of supplemental screws is recommended
- In displaced fractures with an unstable cup pelvic stabilisation should be performed with single or double plating of the posterior column before implanting the final cup

Benazzo et al. (2015) Periprosthetic acetabular fractures. Int Orthop 39(10):1959-63





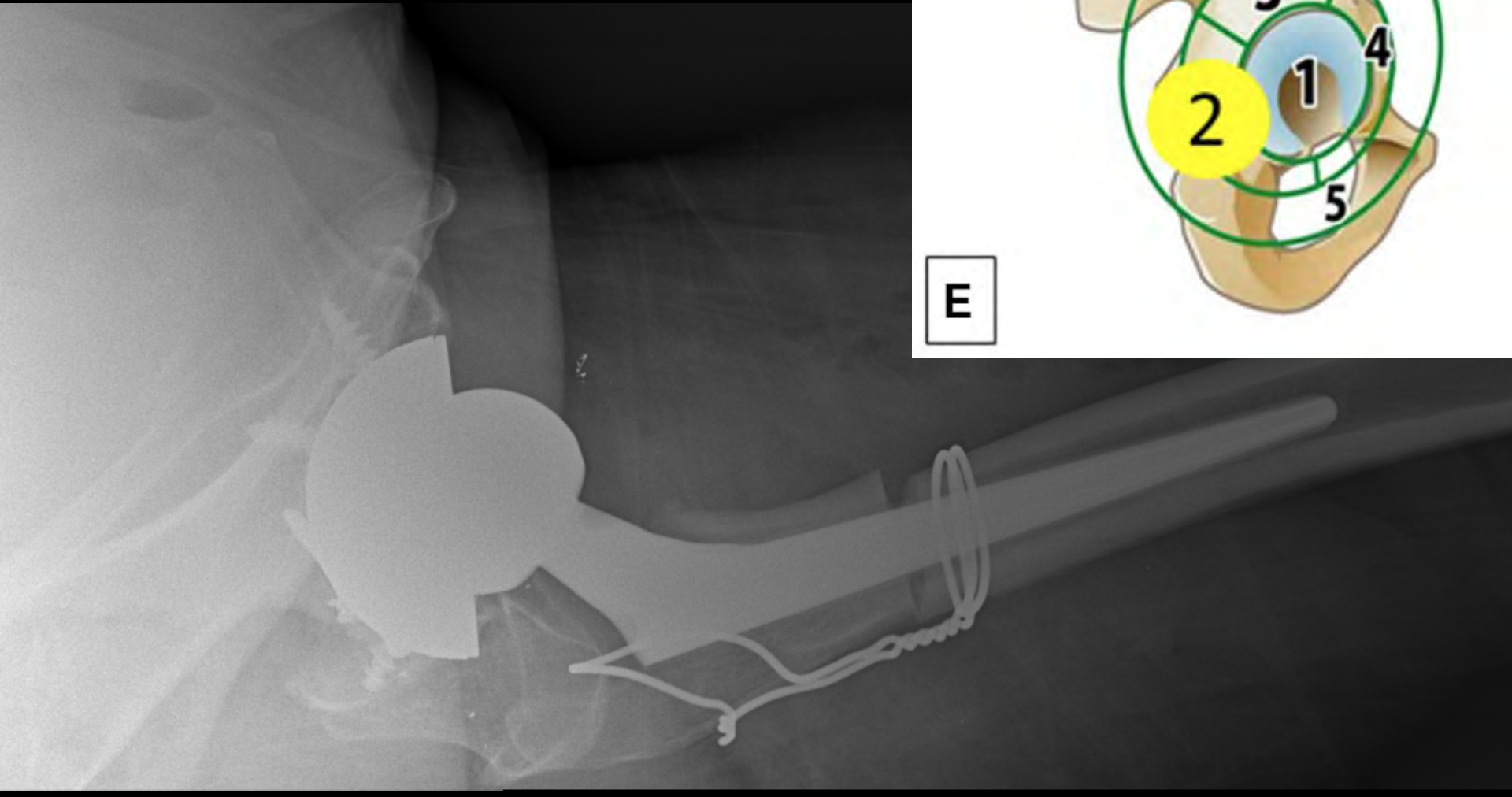




Posterior wall
7% (3/41)



E



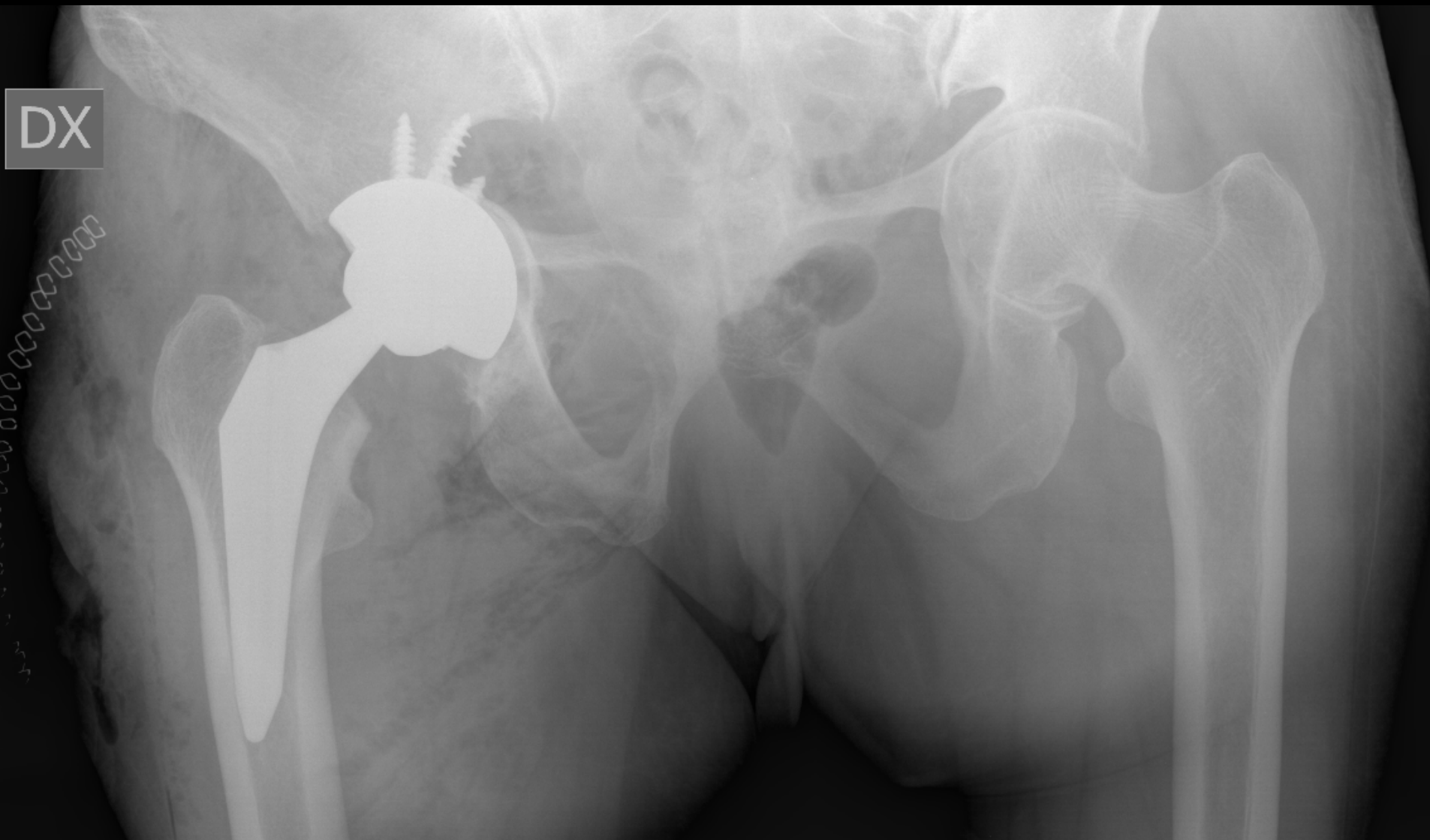
Peri-operative

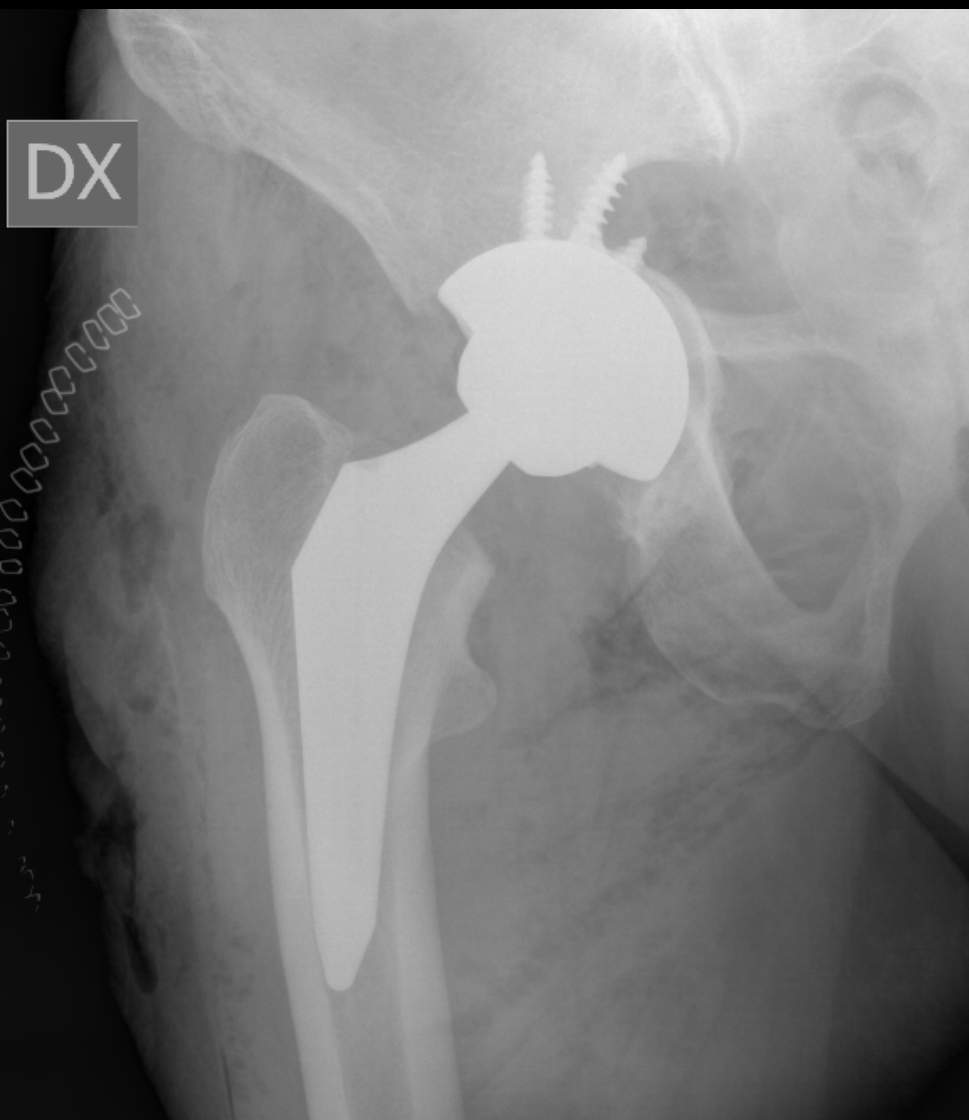
Early post-operative

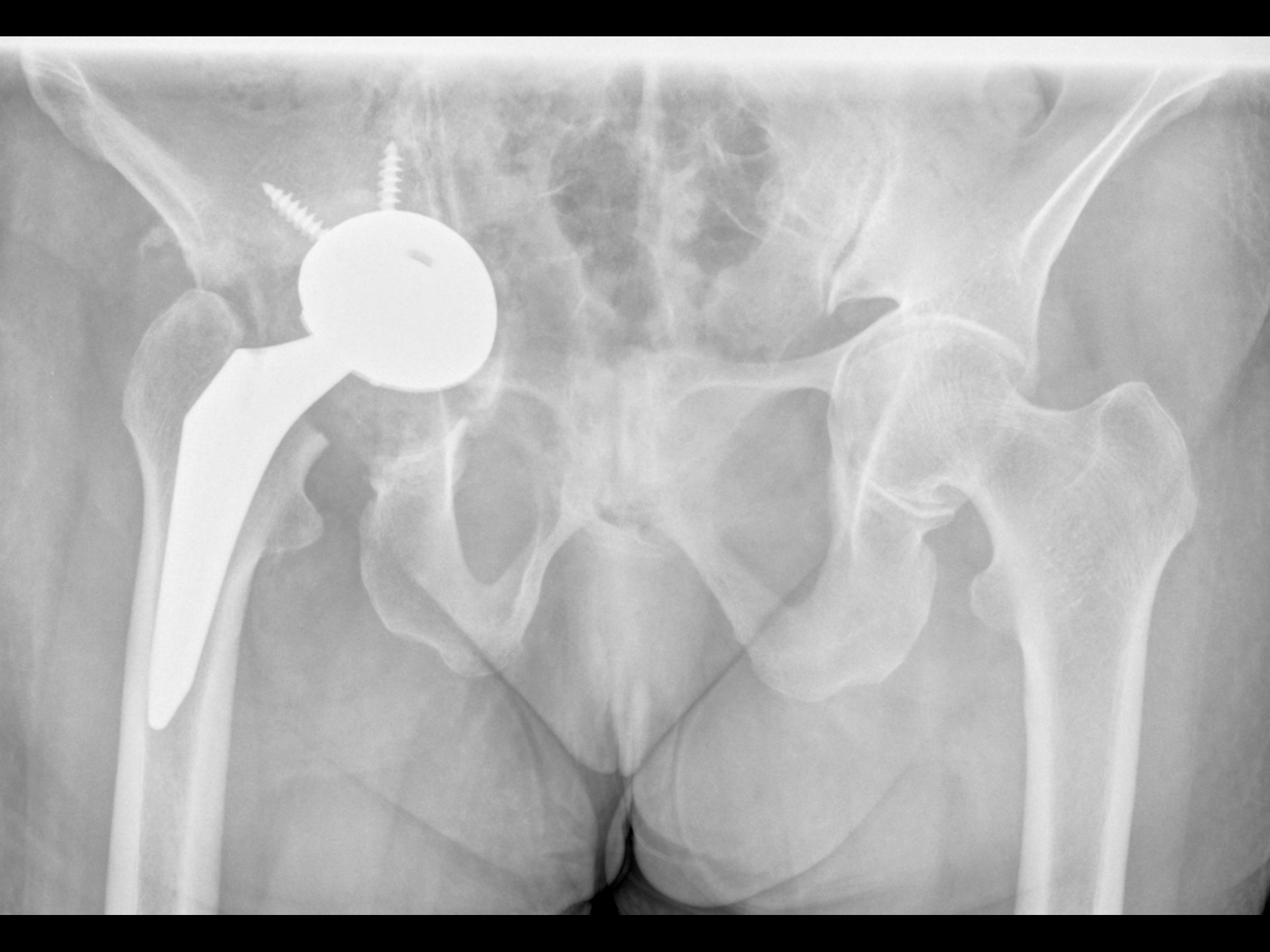
- Not recognized intraoperatively and diagnosed at the post-op x-ray or
- the fracture may be missed initially and present with delayed displacement and even pelvic discontinuity
- In the case of an early post-operative acetabular fracture, a missed intra-operative fracture should be considered

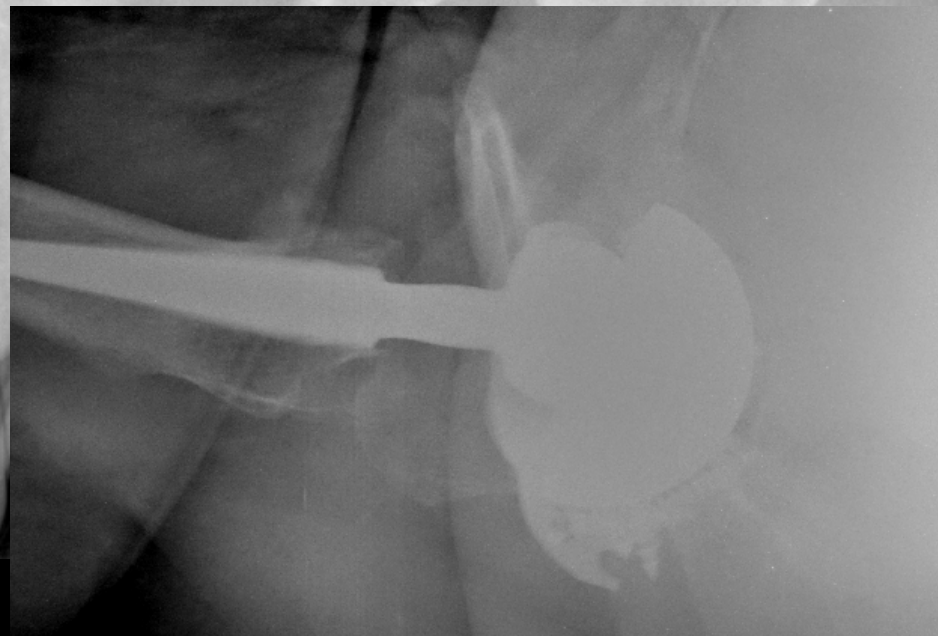
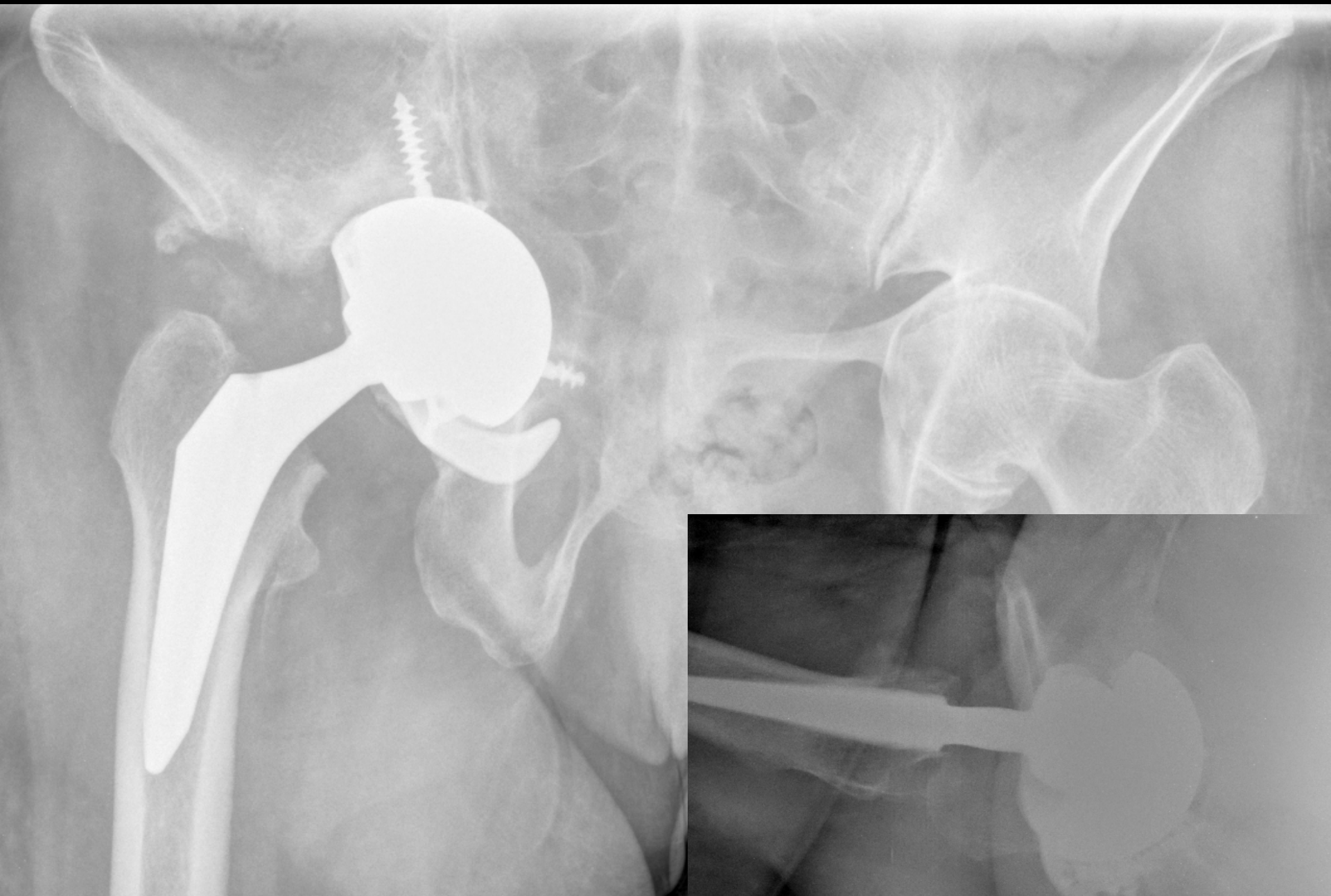
Benazzo et al. (2015) Periprosthetic acetabular fractures. Int Orthop 39(10):1959-63

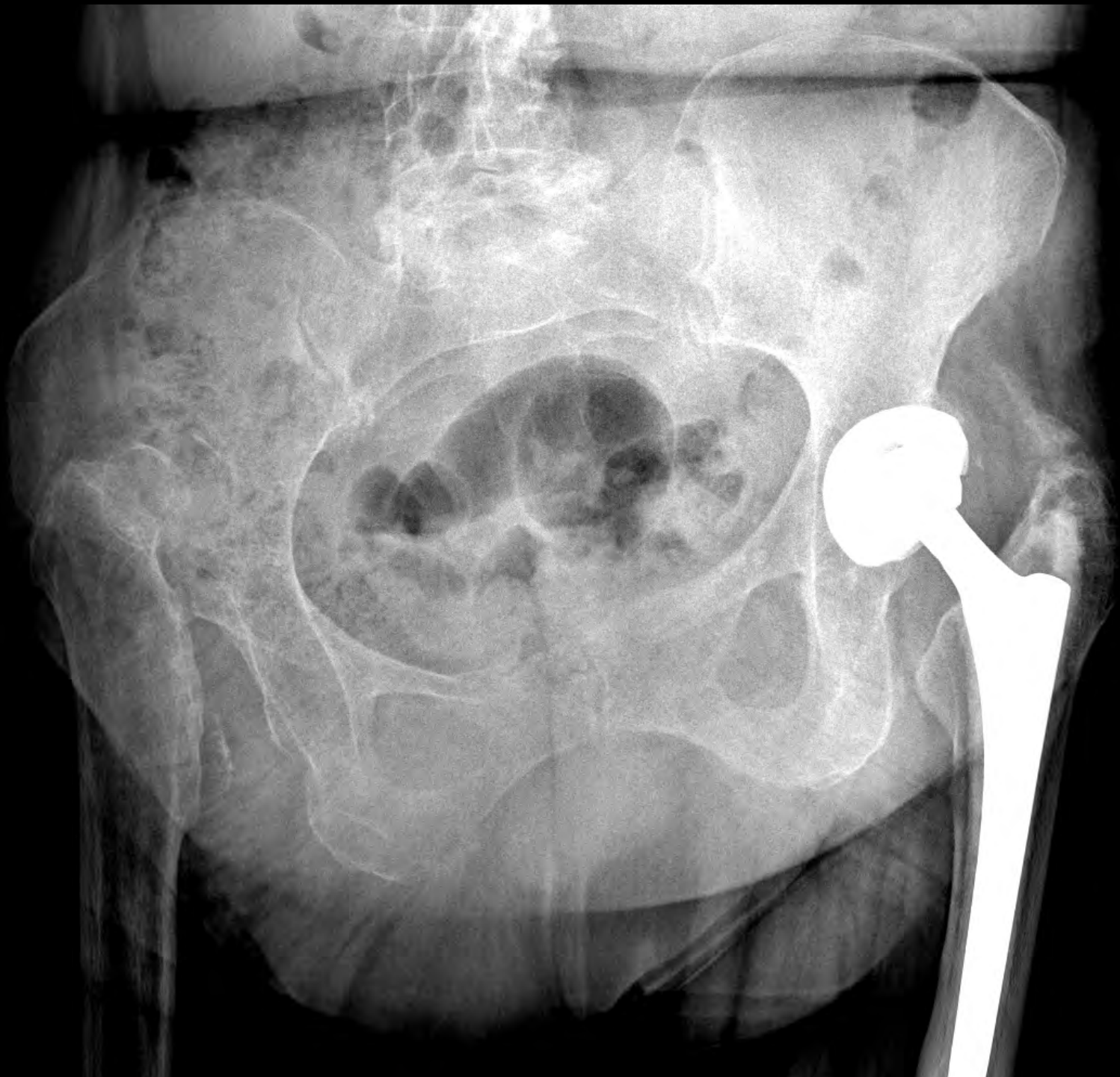
DX









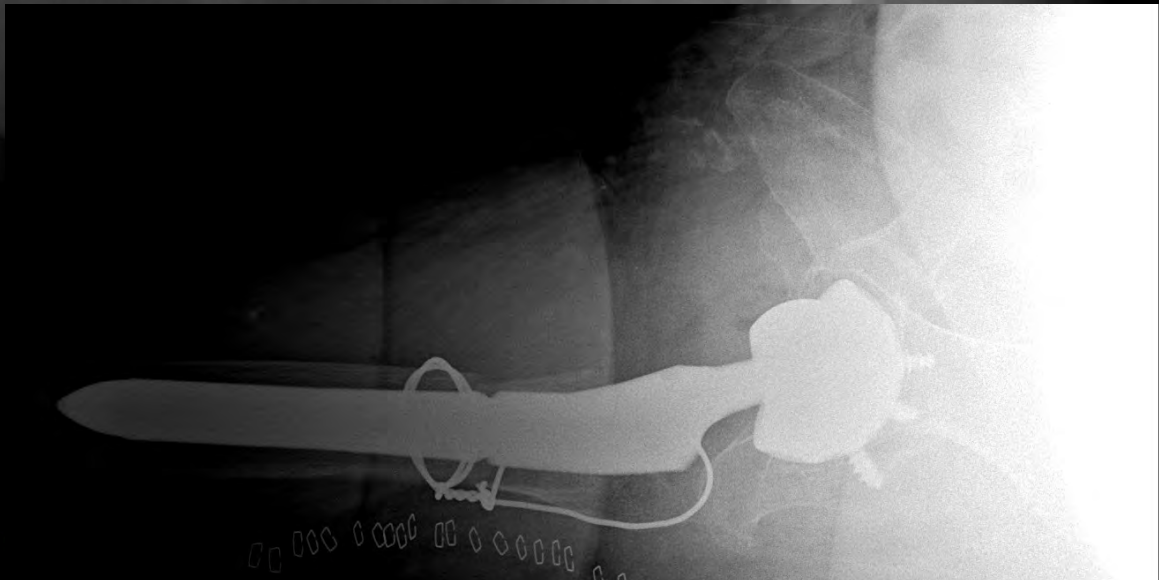


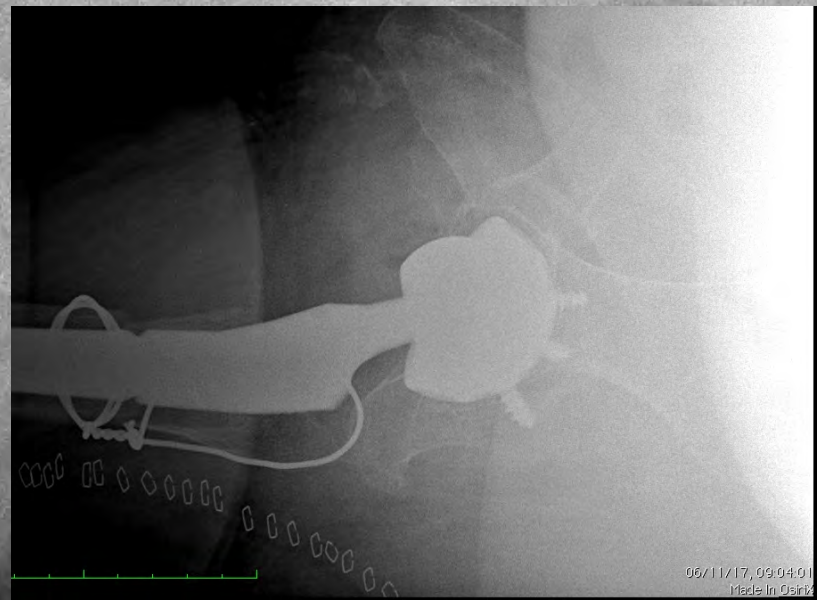
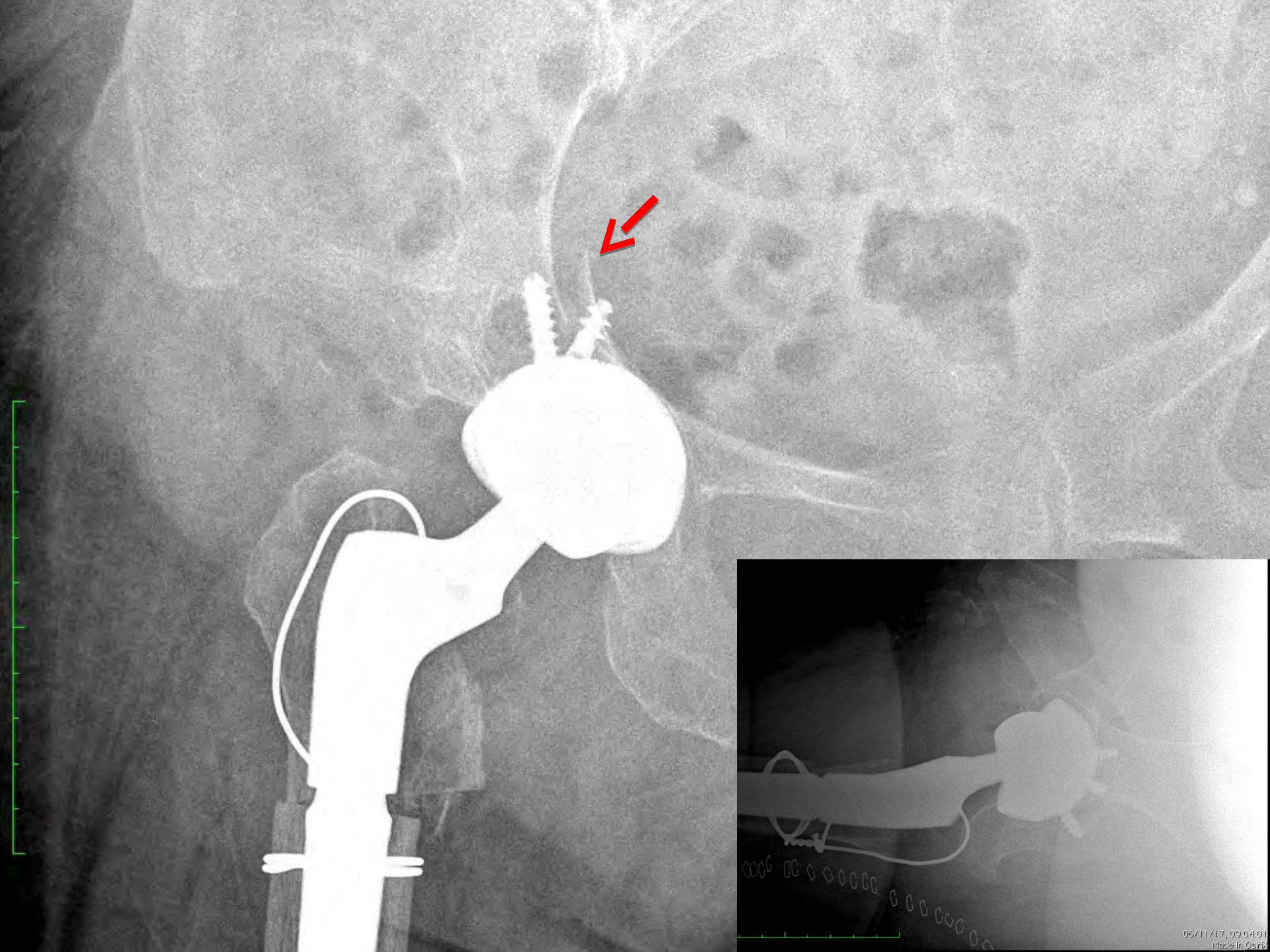
000000



DX

Zoom: 36%
Im: 1/1 Series: 1
JPEG2000LosslessOnly
Posizione: AP





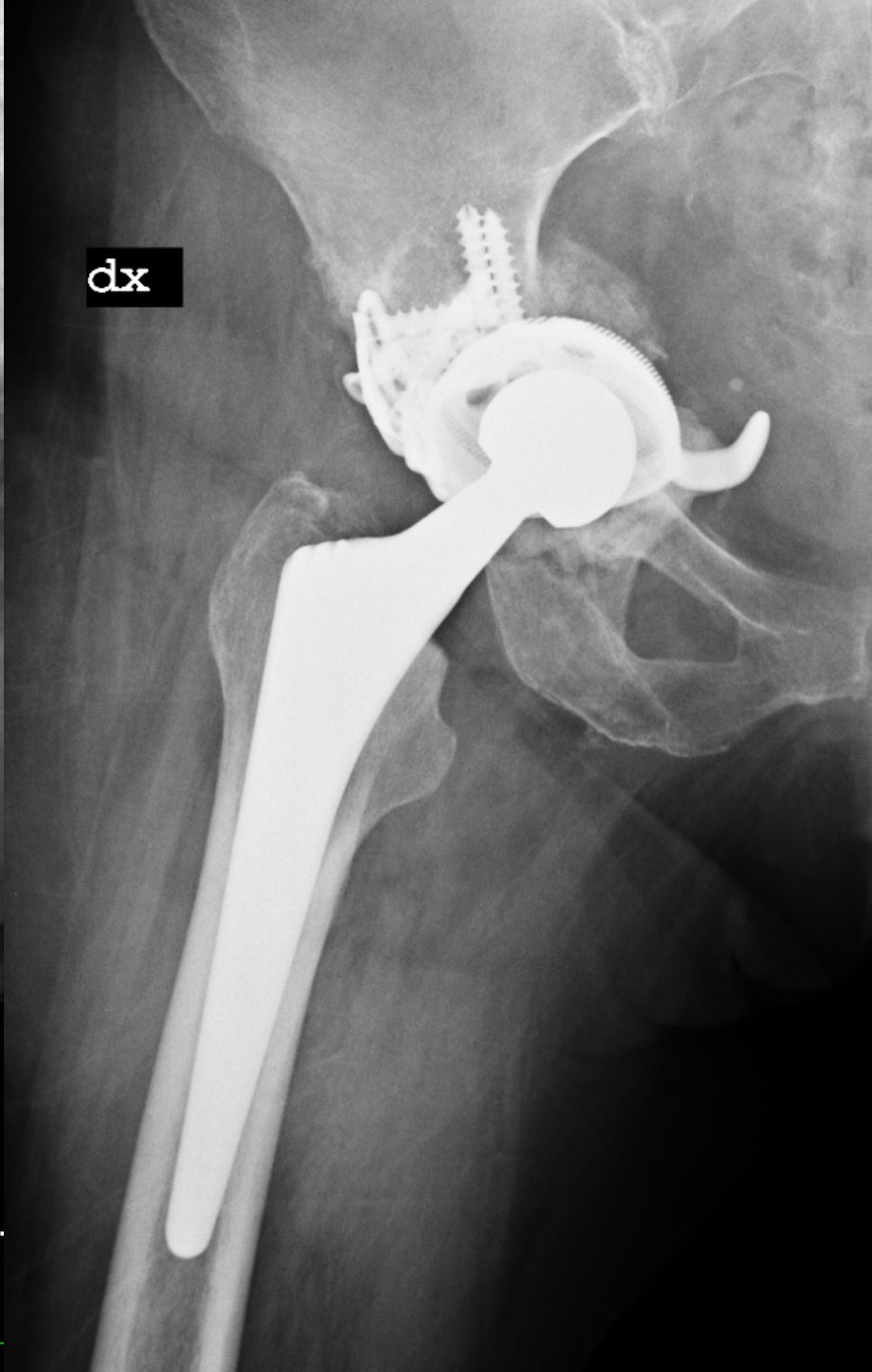
D

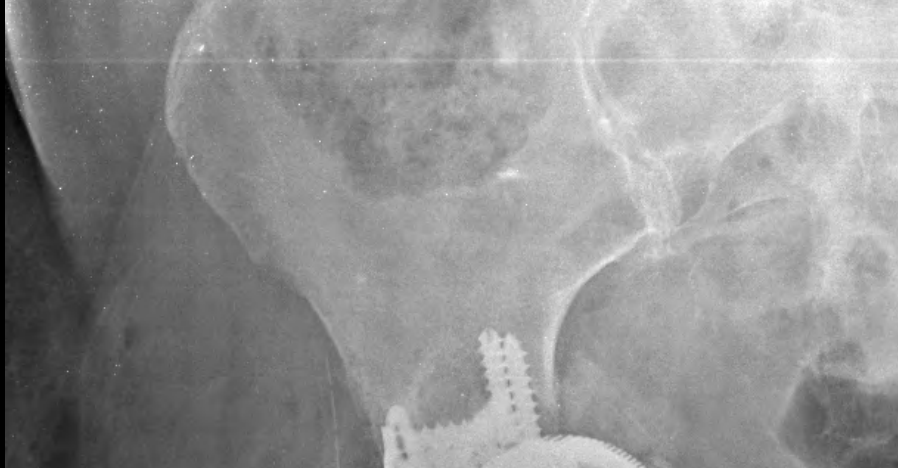




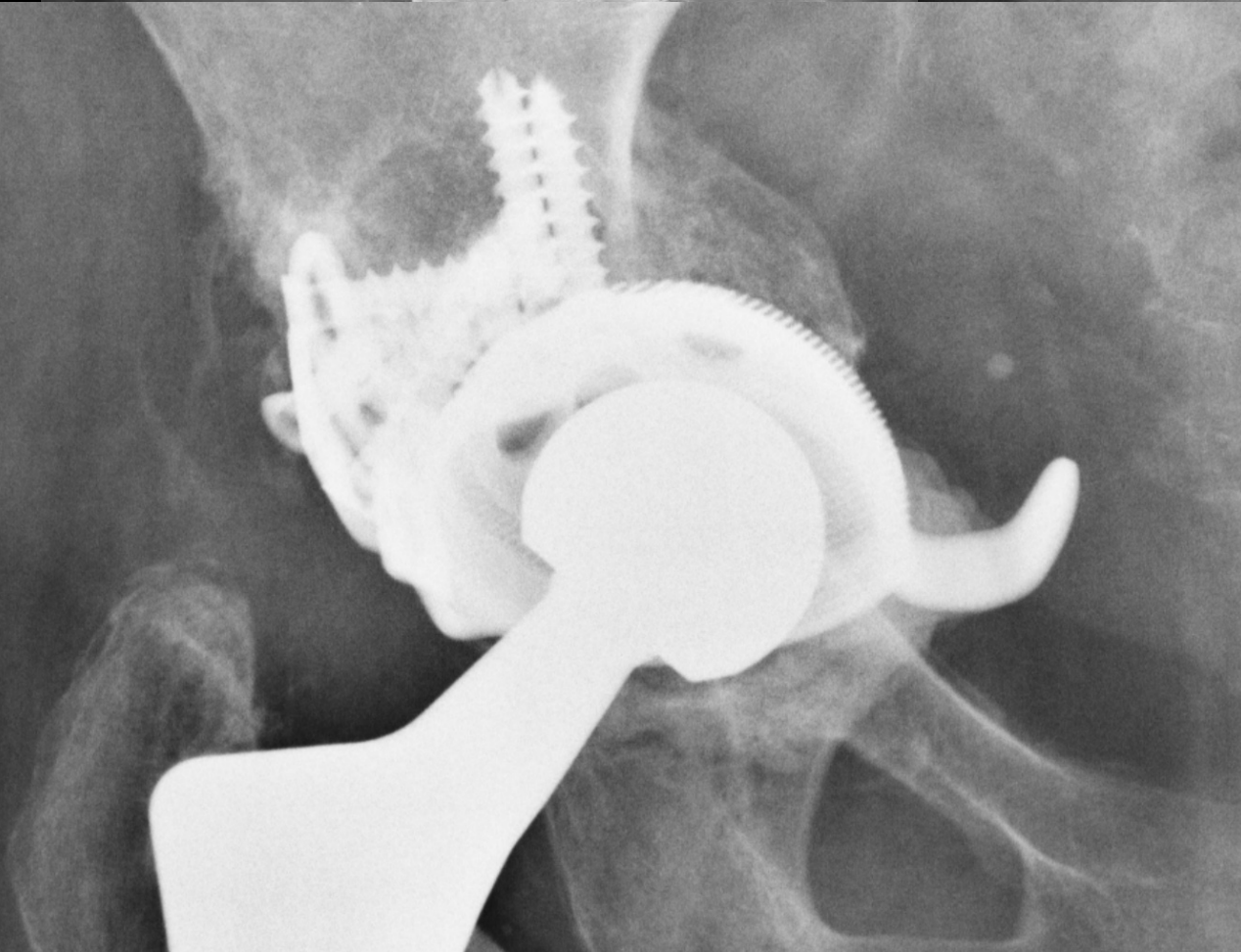
A black and white radiograph of a total hip replacement. The image shows the pelvis and the proximal femur. On the left side (patient's right), a total hip prosthesis is visible. It consists of a femoral component (a long, straight stem) and a acetabular component (a cup with a central ball). The acetabular component is secured with several screws. The femoral component has a flared, anatomical head. The right side of the image shows the natural hip joint. The text "A LETTO" is printed at the bottom center. A green scale bar is located at the very bottom.

A LETTO



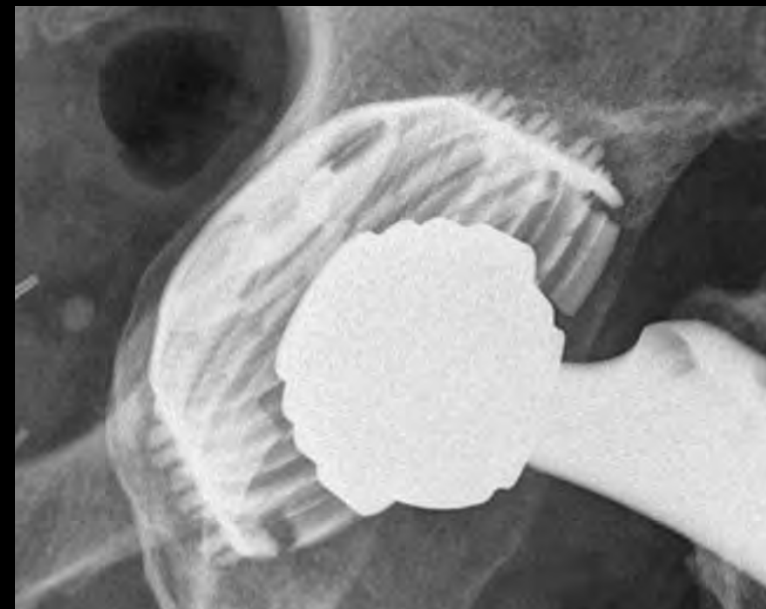
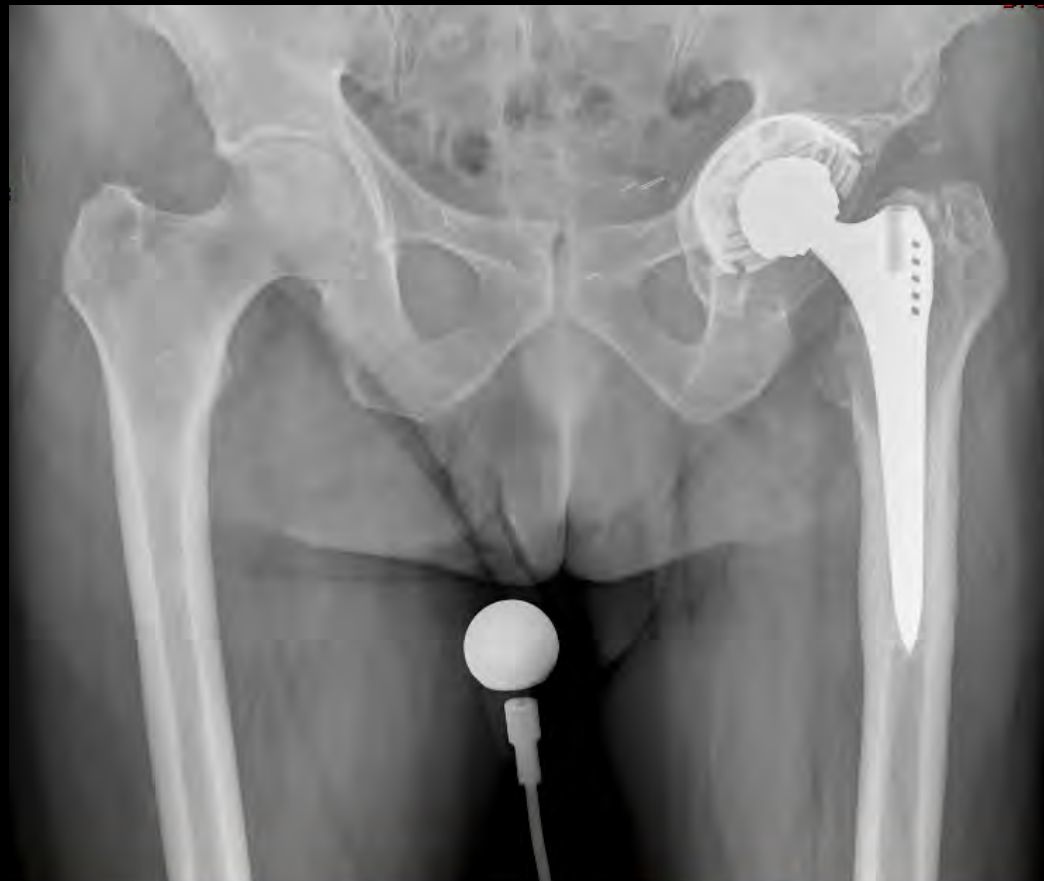


dx



Rev PTA Sinistra

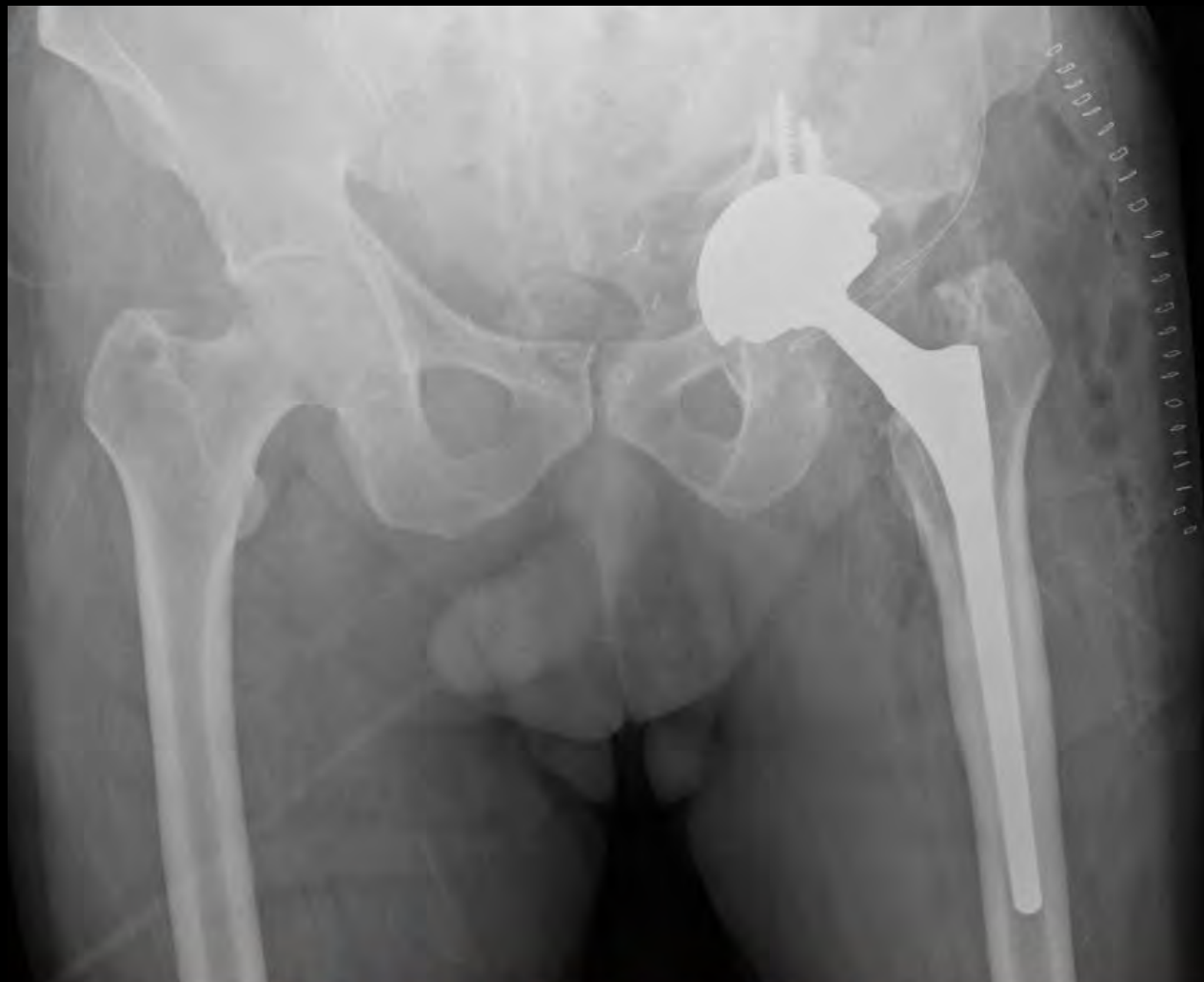
84 anni



Rev PTA Sinistra
84 anni

Intervento Chirugico

9.11.2017 – Controllo Postop



Rev PTA Sinistra

84 anni

16.11.2017 – controllo Rx

(Situazione attuale)





Grazie

per la vostra
cortese attenzione



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RESEARCH HOSPITAL

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